NEW MYSTERY IN ARNOLD SEARCH

THE WEATHER

Probably showers tonight; Sunday fair; moderate to strong east winds, becoming westerly.
Sun rises 4:53, sets 6:51.
Moon rises midnight.
High tide 2 a. m., 2:30 p. m.
Temperatures till 1 p. m.: Maximum 46 at 8 a. m., minimum 42 at 1 p. m., average 43.6.
Temperature at 1 p. m. 42.

BOSTON AMERICAN

THE NEW ENGLAND'S GREATEST HOME NEWSPAPER

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10-P.M. EDITION
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KAISER PLANS GERMAN REPLY

BOSTON MEN IN BIG WAR PLOT

PAPERS REVEAL NAMES

German Ambassador Placed in Embarrassing Position; Early German Reply on U-Boats

Paris, April 22.—Germany's reply to America's ultimatum on submarine warfare will be drafted by Emperor William and Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg, at the Kaiser's headquarters at the Kaiser's headquarters in France. In a chateau at Mezieres the Kaiser has been staying with his staff ever since the attack on Verdun was launched and there he and the Chancellor held their first conference on the American note yesterday.

By JOHN EDWIN NEVIN,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Washington, April 22.—The amazingly interwoven series of activities of pro-German agencies in the United States today was entangled in the already complicated relations with Germany to an extent that promised far-reaching complications.

With Germany debating the ultimatum of the merchant shipping the State Department found itself forced to seriously consider allegations affecting the activities of Count Von Bernstorff, the German ambassador, which, if proven, must at least seriously curtail his activities in this country.

Attorney-General Gregory laid before Secretary of State Lansing a part of the papers seized in the recent raids in New York city which culminated in the arrest of Wolfe Von Igel, whose immediate release from custody on the ground that he was an accredited member of his official family was made by Ambassador Von Bernstorff.

BOSTON MEN NAMED

The seizure of these papers has been of great benefit to the secret service department of justice investigators who have been keeping in touch with the various plots against United States neutrality. Names of individuals heretofore not in any way under suspicion have been brought to the surface and it will be possible from now on to watch them closely. Even though, as a matter of convenience it should be found advisable to turns these papers back, the information secured by their perusal will prove most useful.

In this connection it was learned here today that definite relationship has been established between German sources and certain Irish-Americans in this country. Names of a number of these men, some of them very important in New York, Philadelphia, Boston and Chicago were contained in the papers seized.

These papers indicated that some of

Continued on Page 2, Column 1.

COUNT VON BERNSTORFF, German Ambassador to the United States, who plays an important part in the crisis confronting the United States, from very recent picture.

EMMA GOLDMAN IN JAIL FOR 2 WEEKS

New York, April 22.—Emma Goldman, who was sentenced by the Court of Special Sessions in Manhattan to fifteen days in the workhouse, has been transferred to the Queens county jail in Long Island City. On arriving at the Queens jail she announced that she would follow the example of the Rev. Bouck White, and serve her time. She will be put to cleaning in the morning and will do sewing in the afternoon.

WORK PULMOTOR 5 HOURS, SAVE BABY

Manchester, N. H., April 22.—Application of a pulmotor for nearly five hours revived a son born to Mr. and Mrs. Anthony Stagas, on Chestnut street.

Four tanks of oxygen were consumed and another was supplied before the infant was breathing naturally. It was the seventh infant that the local police have saved in a few months with the use of the pulmotor.

Women Rescued at Lynn Fire

SAY VILLA CANNOT BE TAKEN

Army Officers on Border Expect Early Recall of Troops; Villa Has Fled Too Far Southward

El Paso, April 22.—There is a rumor on the Mexican Railway wires of fighting between Mexican and American forces at Parral or Casas Grandes. No details are given.

By PERCY THOMAS,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

El Paso, April 22.—American army officials in El Paso admitted today for the first time that the expedition sent into Mexico had not the slightest chance of taking Francisco Villa dead or alive. They foresee the withdrawal of the United States troops.

It has developed that there was more truth than fiction in the Carranzistas' claims that the Chihuahua-Durango boundary was the deal line advance of the American troops. None of the American soldiers has crossed this line. To the south of it, in the State of Durango, Villa is strengthening his forces with each passing hour.

VILLA SEEKS POWER.

To the north of it, the American forces are resting on their arms awaiting the result of the conference between Major-General Scott and Major-General Funston at San Antonio.

If it were decided to continue the hunt for the bandit chief, the task would be made much more difficult by the opportunity that has been given to Villa to gain fresh recruits and supplies of ammunition. Officers on the border also believe that the American troops would have to fight the Carranzistas as well as the Villistas now.

Reports reaching the border today brought the information that Villa has undertaken an ambitious plan, namely, the overthrow of the present de facto government and the establishment of himself as the dominant figure in Mexico. His secret envoys have approached many prominent Carranzista leaders, already weaken-

Continued on Page 3, Column 1.

Don't Worry! It Will Positively Be Fair Easter

Washington, April 22.

NO eleventh hour change in the weather is going to disappoint persons eagerly awaiting the National Easter "Parade" tomorrow. This was the assurance given today by Weather Forecaster Bowie.

The weather office sticks to the prediction of yesterday that fair weather will prevail throughout the United States with the exception of the eastern section close to the Canadian border. From Boston west through New York to San Francisco the weather will be fair. Buffalo, Cleveland and Chicago will find the day cloudy. South of the Mason and Dixon line the fair weather will be unbroken.

U. S. Agents on Vain Villa Hunt at Los Angeles

Washington, April 22.—Department of Justice officials admitted today that their agents had in the past week been searching Los Angeles and all surrounding towns for Francisco Villa. A report was received by E. M. Blanford, Department of Justice agent in Los Angeles, a week ago that Villa was in that city. He was said to have crossed into United States at the time of the Columbus raid.

Blanford was at once instructed to conduct a thorough search for the bandit. He has done so and reported to Washington he had been unable to find any trace of Villa.

He stated in his report that he believed the rumor unfounded.

FLEE HOTEL FIRE IN ATLANTIC CITY

Atlantic City, N. J., April 22.—Eastern visitors had a cold scare today when flames were discovered shooting out from beneath the Hotel Pitney, near the beach on South New York avenue, bringing out the entire upper battalion of the fire department in response to a double alarm. There was a stampede of guests from surrounding apartment houses. Prompt work of the firemen held the flames to the lower floors of the Pitney.

TODAY'S BANK CLEARINGS.

Boston Sub-Treasury credit	$47,800
Boston clearings	30,765,293
New York Sub-Treasury credit	827,463
New York clearings	232,102,678

The New York Sub-Treasury gained $1,885,000 from banks Thursday and $1,160,000 Friday. The cash net gain for the week was $6,850,000.

FLEE FIERY TRAP BY ROOF

Employes in Office Building Are Hemmed in by the Lack of Fire Escapes; Rescues by Firemen

A large number of women and girls were carried down ladders to safety today when fire which broke out in the basement of the Bergengren office building, Central square and Union streets, Lynn, cut off the main exit.

Others made their way over adjoining roofs, while some fought a passage to the street through a narrow, smoke-filled stairway in the rear of the building.

Two alarms were turned in for the fire, which for a long time tied up traffic in that section of the city, and led to the belief that a conflagration was in progress.

The fire started in the basement of the Famous Shoe Store on the first floor of the building, which has four stories on Central square and two on Union street.

The main entrance and exit is a large stairway on the Central square side of the building, with a small flight of stairs, only about five feet in width, in the rear. There are no fire escapes.

The blaze shot up to the first floor, and within a short time had attacked the main stairway and filled the entire building with smoke. The frightened occupants of the 150 offices rushed for the front stairs only to find escape by them impossible. While some rushed to the windows and screamed for help, others climbed down a ladder to the second floor, crossing the roof to the Manufacturers' National bank building, making their way to the street at No. 222 Union street.

In the meantime, the firemen, who had arrived attempted to raise ladders in front of the building, but were hampered by the wires on the poles stretching through the square. An extension ladder was secured and a number of persons, including William H. Littlefield, former president of the Manufacturers' National Bank, Mrs. Mary McDermott, Evelyn Comeau and Rocco Loggio, were carried down to the street.

The owners of the building have been severely criticised for failure to install fire escapes or better exits. It was pointed out today that if both stairways had caught fire serious loss of life might have resulted. The fact which was principally from smoke and water, was not determined.

U. S. Requests Austria to Give Facts on Sinking

Vienna, April 22.—It was announced today that the Austrian government had received from the American Ambassador a request for further details of the torpedoing of the Russian schooner Imperator, on which it is said there were some Americans.

LATEST WAR BULLETINS

Salonica, April 22.—Sofia, the capital of Bulgaria, was bombarded by a French aviator on Friday. Four shells were dropped on the city.

On Friday a German squadron bombarded the allies' camp at Karaassouli. A few hours later a retaliatory attack was made upon the German camps at Doiran and Petrech by allied aviators.

London, April 22.—An Athens dispatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company states that the Russian troops landed in France makes up an army corps (40,000 men) formed from the latest groups of Slav recruits. French reports have declared the Russians all veterans, many of whom have won the cross of St. George for military prowess.

Rome, April 22.—Field Marshal Mackensen and Enver Pasha, Turkish Minister of War, are reported to have left Constantinople for the Armenian front to direct operations against the Russians. An Austro-German corps has also been sent to reinforce the Turks.

Rome, April 22.—Ten classes of Italian recruits were called up today by Royal decree.

Committee Is Deadlocked on Brandeis

By International News Service.

Washington, April 22.—The Senate Committee of the Judiciary has become hopelessly deadlocked over the President's appointment of Louis D. Brandeis to the Supreme Court, and a dozen meetings have failed to bring to any nearer a conclusion than at the start, and there is no prospect of action within the next two weeks.

The uncertainty of having the Brandeis nomination before the Senate without recommendation of the committee, or rejection of the appointment and it being considered by the committee, it would then be up to the Senate to exercise the question in executive session.

MAINE BUSINESS MAN A SUICIDE

Augusta, Me., April 22.—E. S. Moulton, a business man, committed suicide here by shooting himself with a shot gun. His business affairs were all in good shape. No cause can be assigned for the act.

Czar May Send 250,000 Men to French Front

Paris, April 22.—It is believed today that the Czar will send 250,000 men to the French front.

Russia still has many untrained recruits, and heads were shaken today when the suggestion was made that the czar would send the latter of a hundred thousand men to the battle line. Some time elapses between enlistment and the time it takes to get them into action. The czar's decision, however, is said to be considered by Premier Briand as a move to relieve the pressure on France that is about to break.

NEW WEST POINT SEARCH

Conflict in Reports on Finding of Body; One Detective Says "Yes," Faurot Says "No Trace"

The Dorothy Arnold mystery in New York promised today when successive dispatches from Manhattan gave conflicting reports as to whether a body found was that of Miss Arnold, or whether any body had been found at all.

The first account came early today and said that Police Inspector Faurot of New York and three detectives made an automobile trip to West Point in the night, returned to New York and declared nothing found. A body of a woman was reported found a mile in the cellar of a West Point home.

This first account said that, when the police last communicated with the West Point Chief of Police, the latter was out of the detective's command.

"We found a body. But of course we could not identify it. We are still up in the air. We don't know if there is enough left of the body to identify for certain whether the body is that of a man or a woman."

A later account today said that Inspector Faurot was going to West Point to make further investigation as an old house where they yesterday discovered a body in the concrete cellar floor.

THIRD VERSION.

A third dispatch issued Inspector Faurot as saying that the new grave for a Rhode Island convict in the Arnold case had failed to solve the mystery. The inspector admitted the dispatch said, that he had a squad of men had examined the cellar of a house near West Point. But the inspector declared that no found no trace of Miss Arnold's body.

The second dispatch said that Faurot and his men scoured the entire grand West Point yesterday in search of an

Continued on Page 3, Column 3.

FLEET ORDERED TO BE READY BY MAY 20

Orders were received today at the Charlestown Navy Yard from the Navy Department at Washington to have all ships now at this port in shape to go to sea by May 20.

THE DOROTHY ARNOLD MYSTERY. NEW AND STARTLING REVELATIONS—EXCLUSIVELY IN Tomorrow's Boston Sunday American

BELIEVE BERLIN WILL AVOID BREAK WITH U. S.

Continued from First Page.

these men had volunteered their services to the German secret service, others had furnished maps and other documentary value.

These men, whose identity the Department of Justice refuses to reveal are now being watched.

Developments in this case today completely overshadowed the interest in the submarine situation.

Officials declared that should the worst come to the worst and diplomatic relations be broken off with Germany, wholesale prosecutions must be instituted by the United States.

MAY OUST BERNSTORFF.

Even if the submarine dispute is adjusted, officials said, many criminal prosecutions must be undertaken. Reports that Count Von Bernstorff would be handed his passports even though the submarine dispute was satisfactorily adjusted were made current in official circles today, but met with no official confirmation.

In fact officials exhibited a strong determination not to discuss the question at all. There seemed to be no position to blame the German authorities at New York for having made public evidence that led to the arrest of Von Igel and of correspondence that they had opened up in their search for evidence of conspiracy, which promised serious complications.

Count von Bernstorff himself was in New York today. Embassy officials were inclined to interpret the State Department for his change of attitude. They said that on Thursday State Department officials had received from all of the seized documents which should be turned back to the German embassy, but that some of the papers have been withheld.

It is frankly stated in official circles that the government is endeavoring to exhaust every possibility in deciding what to do in the case. There is no desire to complicate the German situation unless it is the only troublesome element into it.

CASES ARE PARALLEL.

But there is almost an absolute parallel between the case of Ambassador von Bernstorff in the present instance and that which was presented when Austrian consular documents came into the hands of the United States government through the British authorities.

In the latter case the immediate demand was made that Ambassador Dumba be recalled from this country.

Certain of the papers now in possession of the United States indicate that Ambassador Bernstorff must have known of certain operations carried on by embassy attaches which were in direct violation of the neutrality of the United States and long the lines foreshadowed Ambassador Dumba's firing and home.

The plans of the government to handle the case are not at this time definite. Up to the present there has been a difference of opinion between the Secretary of State and Attorney General over the demand of the German Ambassador that all documents seized be turned back to the embassy as official documents, and thus not subject to seizure. Secretary Lansing ordered that papers be turned back. The Department of Justice asked whether this applied to all papers. The State Department said no, only to official papers.

EARLY REPLY EXPECTED.

Then the Department of Justice asked the State Department to have the German embassy indicate which actually were the official papers. Seeing the new trap, the embassy declined to inspect any of the documents, taking the ground that all were the property of the embassy. The President, Secretary Lansing and Attorney General Gregory now must determine what the next step will be.

It is understood today that hints of Berlin that Ambassador Gerard's latest message to the State Department from Berlin, is considered by those who are closely guarded, informs this government he has been assured by the German authorities that immediate consideration will be given to the American ultimatum calling for a practical cessation of U-boat warfare.

Dispatches say that the German Admiralty has called the American section of the German foreign office in Berlin a subcommittee report on the complications of German submarines during the war. The report shows every attack and the result.

The information given by the German Admiralty will undoubtedly have great weight with the foreign office in determining the reply to be sent next week to the American government's latest note.

Advices received here from London through the International News Service state it is generally believed in Berlin that the German reply to the American note will be forwarded next week.

It is also said the reply will not be a direct answer, couched in terms of yes or no, but will be in even more than usually cautious diplomatic language.

The belief prevails here today that high German diplomacy will point a way to untangle all the difficulties now confronting the two governments.

The Hague correspondent of the Daily Mail in London today also announces says:

"The American note will be published in Germany on Sunday morning, the government wishing for time to study the situation as to the attitude to take.

"Opinion is well-informed circles in The Hague is that Germany will offer renewed assurances of its good intentions in the form of a reply to secure another indefinite postponement of the threatened rupture.

"The Dutch press generally approves the submarine activity, although expressing doubt whether the note will have any decisive results.

"While the difference between this country and Germany over the arrest in New York of the German attaches of the German Embassy, and the seizure of papers in the hands of agents of the Embassy continues to wear a grave aspect, State Department officials declare that the differences will be easily adjusted as soon as the two governments' exact status is ascertained.

BELIEVE GERMANY WILL MAKE COUNTER PROPOSALS TO U. S.

Washington, April 22—There were intimations today that Germany will reply to the American demand for abandonment of present methods of submarine warfare by making counter proposals.

The chief contention which, it is understood, Germany is prepared to set forth is that, if submarines are to be compelled to conform to international law, merchantmen also shall be required to do the same thing.

This means that if **submarines must conform to the rules of visit and search, merchantmen must submit to being visited and searched without using guns for resistance.**

PROMPT AND FIRM REPLY.

A forecast of Germany's probable reply, as predicted today, is as follows:

1—The German government will state that it realizes submarine warfare should be conducted according to the dictates of international law which provides that merchantmen and liners must be visited and searched and the safety of passengers and crews provided for.

2—Germany will assert that these principles have been carried out in the actual legal conduct of submarine warfare in the Mediterranean zone of operations.

3—That Germany manifestly is **entitled to seek from the United States reciprocal guarantees to be contained in the United States as spokesman for the neutral powers and others, which shall define and govern the movements and actions and rights of merchantmen.**

RIGHT TO ARM.

4—That Germany is willing to enter into a modus vivendi with the United States, in response to its note, providing and on the condition that all merchantmen shall refrain, and only as merchantmen, and that they shall obey the restrictions placed upon them by international law.

High State Department authorities said today that United States could not entertain such counter proposals.

They said the idea that, if submarines are compelled to visit and search, merchantmen should not be armed, is a reasonable, but not a legal proposition.

"A merchant ship is a privately-owned vessel," a State Department authority said. "While proceeding on its mission it is in danger of attack. It has a right to carry guns."

ARMED FOR OFFENSE.

It is known, however, and is a matter of record in documentary form, that Germany has placed before the State Department what it considered is proof that armed **British merchant vessels are under orders of the British admiralty to use armament offensively against submarines, and thus have ceased in their main aspect to be private property.**

The State Department, when advised of these secret orders to British merchantmen, asked Britain to inform this government whether this German allegations were true. It was said at the department today that Great Britain had not replied to this inquiry.

It has been stated that it was the allegation by Germany that these orders were in existence that induced the United States, in the Lansing proposals of January 18, to strive for an understanding that would result about the disarming of merchantmen in return for pledges from Germany not to sink unarmed vessels.

In preparing for a conditional reply to the American demands, it is understood Germany takes the position that, if the United States thought the matter of sufficient importance to justify the Lansing proposals for the rights of both submarines and merchantmen, **Germany is justified in sending a conditional reply to the United States restating the American proposals.**

TENTATIVE CONCESSION.

State Department officials today repeated that no proposals of any character will be received from Germany in reply to the American ultimatum until Germany has first declared not only that it intends to abandon present methods of submarine warfare, but also that it has, in fact, already abandoned them.

To get around this point, it is said, Germany is preparing to make a reply which will concede tentatively the propositions of this government and set aside to it a new matter for discussion, which, in the German view, neither the State Department nor Congress would refuse to consider.

The German government was encouraged in giving consideration to this plan of counter proposal by the division in Congress on the submarine question, and by the objection by the allies of the Lansing proposals, and the pronunciation of a new German submarine policy has stirred the submarine debate in Congress.

High State Department authorities insisted today that the plan adopted by the United States of obtaining pledges from armed merchant vessels leaving American ports is not in conflict with the principle that the right of recognizing the right of merchant vessels to arm for defense.

The pledges obtained from the French and Italian vessels leaving American ports that said would not be used offensively against submarines, were described as a precautionary measure. If these armed vessels were permitted to leave American ports and then used the guns for attack on submarines, the United States might be held liable for permitting the boats to leave port. **As a matter of fact, it was held, the United States could say that no armed vessels should come into its ports to save it from liability.**

These pledges it is held, do not bind the United States as committed to the principle, because it is expressly stipulated that the case stands alone and is not to form a precedent.

Ambassador Gerard informed the State Department that he delivered the American note to the German foreign office Thursday afternoon at 4:30.

Secretary Lansing would not say whether Mr. Gerard in communicating this had given any information as to the state of official or newspaper sentiment after delivery of the note or as to the time when a reply may be expected.

Secretary Lansing would not say how much time the United States will give Germany to reply. The President demanded an immediate declaration by Germany of its abandonment of present methods of submarine warfare. It has been indicated that the arrival of the note at the beginning of the Easter holidays might delay a response from Berlin, with the added fact that the note must be communicated with at the front.

State Department officials said today that the United States could not take "time out" for any holiday period. Germany does not suspend fighting on these holidays, officials said, and need not suspend submarine activities.

It was reiterated that, if the German government suggests extension of the Mediterranean war zone to the British Isles, or makes overtures to them, a solution of the difficulty may be found without a rupture of relations. **The United States understands the Mediterranean pledges to provide for full compliance with international law, including visit and search, to submarine operations, against freight as well as passenger vessels.**

SPECIAL NOTICE.

BELL-ANS
Absolutely Removes Indigestion. One package proves it. 25c at all druggists.

Britain Blocks U. S. Red Cross, Says Miss Boardman

Washington, April 22.

MISS MABEL BOARDMAN, head of the American Red Cross, today confirmed the report that Great Britain was not allowing shipments of Red Cross supplies to get through to Germany. The last shipment sent by the Red Cross to Germany, was made in January. Since that time, Miss Boardman said the British government had not granted any permits to the Red Cross.

The State Department was asked some time ago to ascertain why the British government was not permitting any more supplies to go to Germany. So far no answer has been received.

WAR SUMMARY

The Crown Prince made another fierce thrust in the night against the French positions at Dead Man's Hill, west of the Meuse River at Verdun. The Teuton troops smashed their way into the French trenches, but, according to a Paris communique today, were driven out by successful counter-attack. Paris also claims to have repulsed German attacks at Caurettes Wood. The German shelling of French positions from the east of the Meuse over to Vaux, which was in progress yesterday, was continued through the night.

An interesting, but unofficial, explanation from Paris regarding the Russian reinforcements just landed in France says that Russia has men to spare, but lacks munitions, whereas French war plants are able to turn out munitions faster than needed. Hence the advisability, from the allied view point, of sending Russians over to France, where they can find arms. On the other hand, a Teutonic view of the case would be that the Russians were sent to France as a final desperate effort to save the western front.

A cable from Salonica today reported that a French aviator flew over Sofia, the Bulgarian capital, dropped four bombs there and flew back unharmed. Sofia followed with a statement that there were two aviators; that one dropped two bombs, without damage, and the other shed leaflets announcing the capture of Trebizond and Erzerum. Aerial activities along the Balkan front are increasing.

While a Berlin official statement says that the death of Baron von der Goltz, the German Field Marshal commanding the First Turkish army, was due to typhus fever, London has a rumor that he died of a Turkish bullet. The rumor may be based on the theory that Turkish setbacks in Asia Minor brought this manifestation of Ottoman displeasure.

GERMANS ATTACK AT VERDUN

London, April 22—German troops in a fierce night attack at Le Mort Homme succeeded in penetrating the French trenches, but were compelled to drive out by an immediate counter attack. The Kaiser's forces also made an attack on the French positions at Caurettes Wood, according to the official communique issued in Paris this afternoon, but there they were repulsed.

In the attack at Caurettes Wood, the Germans again made use of liquid fire, but without avail.

The terrific bombardment opened by the Germans on the front between Meuse River and the village of Vaux yesterday continued during the night.

No infantry attack is reported there, but it is believed that the bombardment is being made in preparation for a general assault against the French positions on the east bank of the Meuse.

The text of the French official communique follows:

"In Belgium our artillery conducted an energetic bombardment in the sector east of the Ypres-Pilcken road during the night at this point, which was brought up by British troops.

"North of the Meuse, after a violent artillery preparation, the enemy attacked during the night our positions on the north slope of Le Mort Homme. The Germans, who had succeeded in gaining a foothold in our first lines, were driven out shortly afterwards by our counter attack, which made us masters of all the ground previously taken by us.

"Another attack in which liquid fire was used was launched against our trenches north of Caurettes Wood. It was completely repulsed.

"East of the Meuse last evening, following a violent bombardment of our lines from the Meuse as far as Fort Vaux, the Germans concentrated in their trenches before the front between the pond and the fort of Vaux.

"An immediate counter preparation with our artillery upset their preparations and inflicted heavy losses on the enemy.

"In Le Petre forest there were some engagements between patrol forces.

"The night was quiet on the rest of the front."

AUSTRALIA DRILLS 100,000 MORE MEN

New York, April 22—Australia, with 500,000 men at the front, is making a special loan to the country of $50,000,000, is drilling another 100,000 soldiers and is prepared to exhaust her resources in men and wealth to aid the Entente Allies, according to T. J. Ryan, the Prime Minister and Attorney-General of Australia, who arrived here today with other members of an official party on their way to London.

"There is no evidence in the Dominion which is felt all over Australia to warn the cause of the war, Mr. Ryan said that he is opposed to a set of disarmed resolutions from the Queensland Irish Nationalist Association, the activities of John Redmond in endeavoring to get all Irishmen to enlist in the army.

FORCED INTO WAR, DISOBEYS ORDERS

By International News Service.

London, April 22—Private Dodd of the Royal Warwickshire regiment was sentenced to twenty-one days imprisonment, for refusing to perform military duty. In his defense he said that he was forced into the army against his will and was a conscientious objector to war.

7 RUSSIANS KILLED IN MUNITIONS FIRE

By International News Service.

Kronstadt, Russia, April 22—Seven persons were killed and seventeen injured early today by explosions in a local munition factory, caused by an outbreak of fire. According to the authorities, the fire was of accidental origin.

GERMANY ENROLLS 1919 CLASS BOYS

Paris, April 22—Germany has begun the enrollment of her 1919 class boys of seventeen. Notices ordering them to the recruiting depots and the landsturm register have been posted at Aix-la-Chappelle.

BURNS MEN SPIES FOR MORGAN

New York, April 22—J. P. Morgan & Co. were accused of hiring private detectives who were caught spying upon the New York offices of Samuel Untermyer in the Equitable Building with a detectaphone. According to information laid before District Attorney Swann, the spies were employees of the W. J. Burns detective agency. They were seeking inside facts, it was said, regarding munition contracts which the law firm was executing.

The telephone wires were tapped for the detectaphone, it was charged, and the Seymour office was also entered by means of a duplicate key from an adjoining office adjacent to the detectives. W. J. Burns acknowledged that he had ordered that he be installed the detectaphone and wire-tapping instrument, but asserted that he had the permission of Police Commissioner Woods to do so.

Burns issued a statement to the District Attorney, it was reported, that he was acting for J. P. Morgan and Company, but when questioned later on this point, he denied that the bookeeping firm of Morgan & Co. was his client. He was put up to a member of the Morgan firm he refused to disclose it.

EXECUTE LARGE CONTRACTS.

J. P. Morgan and Company, as fiscal agents of the Allies, have an agreement under which all orders for war supplies must pass through their hands. Seymour and Seymour have executed large contracts with several munition plants, including the Equitable Powder Company.

The Seymour firm is made up of Joseph R. Seymour and his brother, Frederick. Neither would express any opinion as to why J. P. Morgan and Company should be sending to learn their business secrets.

Room 2720 in the Equitable building is the office of the Seymour firm and Seymour was hired on March 1, it was learned today, by Man Rosoff Worth, said to be Ralph Wortsmiser, of the Burns agency. A sign on the door stated that it was the office of the American Indian Relief Society. But the office staff consisted of Worth and a male stenographer named Lynch, a Miss Murray, and former police lieutenant Driscoll, superintendent of all employes of the Burns agency. W. J. Burns and his son, Sherman Burns, called there daily, it was said.

WOODS GAVE AUTHORITY.

Seymour and Seymour discovered the presence of the detectaphone two weeks ago. It was ripped out and the district attorney's office notified. Worth, it was learned today, left all the people employed in room 2720 but the janitress and Driscoll, superintendent of employees of the Burns agency, W. J. Burns and his son, Sherman Burns, called there daily.

WOODS GAVE AUTHORITY.

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SCOTT TO DECIDE COURSE

NEWS PHOTOGRAPHS DEPICT U. S. DASH TO GET VILLA

HOLDS UP AND ROBS TRAIN

Vanguard of United States cavalry is shown striking out through the country in the Tres Hermanos Mountains of Mexico. The cavalry has done brilliant work in the pursuing expedition, and is now reported to be held in preparedness to meet any attack by Mexicans.

General Funston is rushing both men and supplies into Mexico in the face of the expedition's Mexican hostility and the expectation of an attack by Carranza troops necessitating both additional supplies and more men. The photograph shows munitions and food being carried by burros to the United States troops in Mexico.

Continued from First Page.

ing in their allegiance to the "First Chief," and pointed out to them that the natives of Mexico would rally to his standard because he not only defied but defeated the efforts of the entire United States army.

Those who know the Mexican mind say that Villa's argument is a plausible one. If he could win over the Carranzista forces of northern Mexico and secure their ammunition, bought in the United States, he would be able to inaugurate a strong campaign.

Other reports affirm that Carranza's difficulties are increasing at Mexico City, and assert that he is preparing to flee to Vera Cruz, where he will establish headquarters and prepare to flee by sea if he is overthrown.

Carranza's failure to get financial support has militated against his ever gaining complete control in Mexico. Four days ago, his government boasted that in Mexico City its money had the value of five cents on the dollar. The next day it dropped to three cents in Chihuahua, and now it is two cents.

Inspired reports that French government securities were on deposit in New York city failed to check the slump.

After May 1 all duties and taxes must be paid in gold. It is said that the three leading banks of Mexico have combined to force the government to repudiate its own currency. No Mexican government can stand without financial support.

All along the American line of communication in Mexico, where the soldiers keep up their grind of work despite the inactivity of the field forces, come reports of fresh outbreaks of Villa bandits.

One report reaching the border is that a great anti-American demonstration is being prepared at Parral.

More Troops in Camp at Columbus

By KENT A. HUNTER,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

Columbus, N. M., April 22.—This little frontier town again is assuming the aspect of an important military centre. By Monday the last of the 2,500 fresh troops ordered to Columbus and held subject to General Pershing's orders will be encamped.

The Seventeenth Infantry, under Major Robert Alexander, arrived this morning to join the First and Second Battalions of the Twenty-fourth Infantry already here.

The Sixth Cavalry, under Colonel Joseph A. Gaton, is expected at any time.

Columbus women spent all day yesterday preparing Easter mementoes for the troops at the front. They went forward today. Each member of the Thirteenth Cavalry, which Columbus claims as its own regiment, will receive a box of candy or a cake to break the monotony of hardtack and bacon.

Wilson Must Decide on Troops' Action

By L. V. B. RUCKER,
International News Service Staff Correspondent.

San Antonio, Tex., April 22.—With President Wilson alone rests the question of withdrawing American troops from Mexico or ordering them to pursue Francisco Villa. This was made clear here today following a two hour conference between Major General Scott and Major General Funston, neither of these army officers, it was learned, has the authority to act.

On his return to Washington, General Scott will report to Secretary of War Baker the result of his visit to the border. The secretary will in turn apprise the President of Scott's verdict, and the President will then decide what is to be done.

The first conference between Scott and Funston lasted until early this morning. They went over in a general way a report from General Pershing showing the positions of the American troops now in Mexico, but consideration of the detailed information was put over until today's meeting.

Ten days probably will elapse before the decision of the government is known. In the meantime there will be no action by Pershing's forces unless attacked.

Scott left this noon on his way to Honolulu, where he succeeds General John P. Wisser in command. General Evans joined the Scott-Funston conference for a time.

The "lid" was clamped on tight at Fort Sam Houston today and it was stated that all announcements as to the future policy in Mexico would have to come from Washington. A thirteen-gun salute was fired for General Scott when he appeared to resume his conference with Funston. He was also presented to all the staff officers at the fort.

Brigadier-General Robert K. Evans arrived here from Laredo this afternoon.

Scott's Report to Decide on Course

By International News Service.

Washington, April 22.—The future of the Mexican expedition to capture Villa depends altogether upon reports awaited from Major-General Hugh L. Scott, now in consultation with Major-General Funston at San Antonio.

As chief of staff of the army and, to use Secretary Baker's own phrase, "the eyes of the War Department," General Scott will recommend the course to pursue. Today officials admitted for the first time that General Scott will report whether with the present force it is possible to run down the bandit leader.

He will report whether in his judgment Villa has gone so far into the interior as to make his capture an impossibility and leave but one course—the withdrawal of the American troops from Mexico.

There is no present indication that more troops will be sent into Mexico. In fact there are no more available. All of the regular army except 5,000 or 4,000 men is now at General Funston's command.

In view of the critical situation facing this country in its relations with Germany, it would be worse than a blunder to strip the coast fortifications of their artillerymen, in the belief that these army officers, it was learned, has the authority to act.

On his return to Washington, General Scott will report to Secretary of War Baker the result of his visit to the border. The secretary will in turn apprise the President of Scott's verdict, and the President will then decide what is to be done.

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NEW MYSTERY IN ARNOLD BODY SEARCH

Continued from First Page.

old country mansion, as described in the confession made by Edward C. Ginouris, convict in the Rhode Island State Prison at Cranston.

HOUSE EMPTY TWENTY YEARS.

The police sought a house with two stone piers near the entrance and located near a fork in the roadway. They found such a place to the William Tell mansion on the Highland Falls road, two miles from West Point, owned by the wealthy Tell family of New York. The house has not been occupied for twenty years, except by an old caretaker.

In the cellar of this house, the dispatch said, the police found a break in the concrete floor. Caretaker Dunn would not let them investigate further without consent of the owner.

Inspector Faurot and his men then hurried back to New York to get the required permission. Presumably, it was on this return trip that the stop was made at West Eighty-sixth street station, where one of the detectives said that a body had been found.

A bundle was taken from the auto to the station house. This may have contained shovel and other digging tools.

SEEK ACCOMPLICES.

While the public was speculating whether the body reported to be found was that of Miss Arnold the third report was flashed to Boston on the telegraph wires that Faurot had found no trace of Miss Arnold's body.

Meanwhile the Manhattan police have been searching for men mentioned in Ginouris' statement.

These men included Louis Rednuis, who, Ginouris said, was the one who induced him to take part in the "job"; DeFonse, a gunman who frequented the French settlement, the man who drove the limousine, and the New Rochelle doctor.

ROOT LEADS IN POLL OF STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 22.—A Presidential preference poll of the 1,100 members of the Stock Exchange, taken this week by the Financial World, shows that of the 328 answers only twenty-nine are for President Wilson.

No other Democrat received a vote.

Elihu Root leads the poll with 197, Colonel Roosevelt is tied with ninety-six, and Justice Hughes third with seventy.

Senator Burton received ten votes, Senator Weeks three, and one each was cast for Professor Taft, Henry Ford, General Leonard Wood and the Socialist nominee.

Seventy-seven of the respondents voted for Wilson in 1912 and 175 for Taft.

POLICEMAN SLAYS ROBBER IN FIGHT

New York, April 22.—A well-dressed highwayman, apparently twenty-five, was shot and instantly killed by Patrolman Patrick McGowan at Highbridge station, after the robber had shot and severely wounded Joseph Schwantzer, a youth of Cortland avenue, the Bronx, and then had attempted to murder the patrolman.

SEND OUT 80,000 T. R. TELEGRAMS

Eighty thousand or more telegrams are being sent to voters throughout the State urging them to vote for Roosevelt del-gates to the Republican convention at the primaries next Tuesday. The estimated cost of the "telegram campaign" is $20,000.

PREPAREDNESS.

What Today's Dispatches Show Is Being Done in the United States to Meet Emergencies That May Arise.

Washington, April 22.—The naval appropriation bill will be reported from the House Committee on Naval Affairs next week. It will provide an expenditure of about $220,000,000 for the fiscal year of 1917, carrying a larger increase for ammunition, submarines, aviation and other auxiliaries to the navy.

It looks now as if the increases will exceed Secretary Daniels' recommendation.

As framed today, the bill provides for four capital ships, two battle cruisers, two dreadnoughts and fifty submarines that can actually accompany the fleet and dive.

An effort is being made to provide for four battle cruisers and two dreadnoughts, the cruisers to cost $21,000,000 each, the dreadnoughts from $18,000,000 to $19,000,000 each. It is believed that the bill will carry appropriations for them. The little navy men have been whipped out on this proposition. They think the bill should not carry any increase over last year.

Brooklyn Navy Yard Is Closely Guarded.

New York, April 22.—The New York Navy Yard in Brooklyn, where all present are docked the strongest vessels of the United States battleship fleet, was the most closely guarded and thoroughly patrolled reservation in this part of the country today.

In addition to the regular marine guards, 600 bluejackets from the training ship Maine and the Electrical School were on duty to see to it that no person not officially connected with the navy or possessed of credentials signed by the commandant of the yard entered.

Powerful searchlights from the superdreadnought Wyoming, flagship of Admiral Fletcher, the commander in Chief of the fleet, and from the Arkansas, flagship of Vice-Admiral Long and Texas, flagship of Rear Admiral Mayo, Commander of the First Division, last night, swept the Wallabout channel, through which all craft entering the yard have to pass.

Never in its history has the reservation been so completely isolated as it is today. In the yard there are three dreadnoughts, one pre-dreadnought, one armored cruiser, three flotillas of destroyers, and one division of submarines, besides a score of ships not of the fighting or torpedo lines.

Among the super-dreadnoughts is the new Nevada, while of the destroyers five are new and among the most powerful and speedy yet constructed for the navy.

Every precaution to protect the ships and yard equipment is being taken by Rear Admiral Nathaniel R. Usher, the commandant, and the orders concerning visitors are so rigid that even the near relatives of the bluejackets and marines are barred out.

All officers who are not known to the guards have to be identified before they are permitted to enter. Bluejackets and marines could be seen at the various gates yesterday talking to relatives and friends who had come to visit them but were unable to obtain admittance to the reservation.

The 600 bluejackets on guard are working in shifts of 200 each. The various ships, especially those of other ships upon which the fleet would depend for repairs in the event of war are heavily patrolled, while watchmen have reinforced the enlisted guard on the new superdreadnought Arizona, which is nearing completion, and the New Mexico, another superdreadnought, now about 30 per cent. completed and to be launched in the Fall.

New York Guard Is Prepared to Move

New York, April 22.—The National Guard of the whole State is ready for complete mobilization and concentration within forty-eight hours. The place to which every regiment will be assigned has already been designated.

This became known today on unquestioned authority.

Carrying out the secret orders of the general staff of the United States army and of Major-General O'Ryan, the commanders of every National Guard organization in the State have perfected arrangements to have their men within instant call.

Every National Guardsman has been given printed orders. On a card given to every member are these words: "Remember the number of your locker is the number of your rifle, and uniform and your equipment."

A highly trained corps of men in every city of the State is ready for immediate mobilization in the signal corps. These men are expected of amateur wireless operators recently organized under the auspices of the National Amateur Wireless Association.

THUNDER STORM DAMAGES VILLAGE

Hope Valley, R. I., April 22.—Two mills were burned to the ground and other was damaged, a house was struck by lightning and a man struck under his bed and plaster during a brief thunder storm at Carolina here.

The plants of the Carolina Print Works Company and the Hope Valley Long and Twine Company were destroyed and the Lafayette Co-operative cotton mill damaged.

The home of Oscar Edwards was completely ruined and a horse owned by Edwards had been exploded under the roof. Albert Hatton was in his bed and the plaster from the walls and ceiling. He escaped unhurt. His first thought when the storm was to ask for his pocketbook.

DOVER, N. H., MAN IS KILLED IN WAR

Dover, N. H., April 22.—Relatives of Patrick Larvin of this city have been notified that he has been killed while fighting for the allies in France.

He was the son of Dominic Larvin of Dalton street. He enlisted in one of the Canadian regiments when the war began, going from Lawrence. He was born in Dover, Nov. 26, 1890.

Besides his father, he is survived by two brothers, Joseph of the 6th Mass. and J. of Lawrence, and a sister, also of Lawrence.

SHORT SKIRTS SHOW UP SHOE SMUGGLERS

Detroit, April 22.—"Forgetting" to pay duty on fashionable foot wear purchased in Detroit, over 100 Windsor women were stopped at the Windsor ferry dock and compelled to contribute 25c cents on every dollar on the cost of the shoes. The new dresses now in vogue made the "spotters" job an easy one.

PRESIDENT STAYS IN CAPITAL TODAY

Washington, April 22.—Owing to the acute international situation President Wilson did not leave the capital today for the week end as is his custom. He made no engagements for the day, however. This morning, accompanied by Mrs. Wilson, the President went for a long motor ride.

IF YOU LIVE IN CAMBRIDGE

You must not miss your copy of tomorrow's Sunday American. It will contain charming photographs of pretty Cambridge children.

INQUEST HELD IN WOMAN'S DEATH

POPE PROHIBITS VATICAN 'MOVIES'

WOMEN COMING TO U. S. AFTER WAR

BOSTON HISTORY A MENTAL TONIC

SCHOOL CHILDREN TO PLANT TREES

HEAVY LOSS IN GARAGE FIRE

TUAN CHI-JUI IS CHINESE PREMIER

SOUTH BOSTON MEN HELD FOR BURGLARY

RECEIVED STOLEN GOODS; IS JAILED

Joseph Miller was given four months in the South Boston Court for receiving a case of shoes which were stolen from the New Haven railroad.

Political Advertisement

REPUBLICANS, ATTENTION!
PRIMARIES
Tuesday, April 25th
VOTE FOR THE
Unpledged Delegates
AND THEIR ALTERNATES

They are unpledged for or against any candidate for the Republican nomination for President. They are pledged for Party Harmony.

(A Cross (X) in the Circle Votes for Each Group)

Delegates-at-Large	*Alternates-at-Large*
Samuel W. McCall	Butler Ames
Henry Cabot Lodge	Louis A. Frothingham
John W. Weeks	Eben S. S. Keith
W. Murray Crane	Frank W. Stearns

13 States Have Sent Unpledged Delegates, Massachusetts Should Join With Them

INSURE { 1.—Party Harmony. 2.—Republican Victory.

Massachusetts Will Have Great Influence IF You Send

MEN who can be trusted for good judgment.
MEN who have a national reputation for wisdom.
MEN who have a national acquaintance and the confidence of influential leaders.
SEND Gov. McCall, Senator Lodge, Senator Weeks and ex-Senator Crane to Chicago and be represented by the strongest delegation from any state in the entire country.
VOTE also for the Unpledged District Delegates—so that the "Big Four" will have strong backing.

BE SURE TO VOTE. SEE THAT ALL YOUR FRIENDS VOTE

Signed: CHARLES S. HAYDEN, Chairman
37A Forest St., Medford
GEORGE K. SMITH, Treasurer
128 Grant Ave., Newton Centre

Political Advertisement

Advertisement.

PAT MORAN, MANAGER
Philadelphia National League Champions, Praises
ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

"Training Camp, St. Petersburg, Fla., Mar. 9, 1916
Mr. Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.:

Dear Sir—Your package of Allen's Foot-Ease received, and it did not take my boys long to take them all away. All speak fine for Foot-Ease and you may refer to my child if you care to. Thanking you very kindly. Very truly yours, PAT MORAN, Manager Philadelphia National League Ball Club."

Shaken into the shoes and sprinkled in the Foot-Bath, Allen's Foot-Ease removes the aches and soreness that come to the feet with Spring days and activity. Sold by Drug and Department stores everywhere.

GOING TO CHURCH TOMORROW?

To hear a rousing sermon, warm from a heart full of Zeal? To sing with the spirit and the understanding? To clasp hands with those who will make you forget in two minutes that you are a stranger within their gates? To follow an order of service dear to you since childhood? Of course! Therefore read today the

BOSTON AMERICAN

EASTER CHURCH SERVICE DIRECTORY.

SPOTTED FEVER FATAL TO VON DER GOLTZ

London, April 22.—An official German announcement states that Baron Kolmar von der Goltz, commander-in-chief of the first Turkish army, died Wednesday of spotted fever at the headquarters of the Turkish group. He had been ill for days.

Field Marshal von der Goltz was regarded as one of Germany's greatest strategists. He was seventy-two years old. He had seen extensive military service, having fought in the Austrian campaign and been on the staff of Prince Frederick Charles in the Franco-Prussian war. In 1883 he was sent to reorganize the Turkish army and remained in Turkey for thirteen years.

In August, 1914, he was appointed military governor of the occupied part of Belgium, but in November of the same year he was relieved of this command and sent to Turkey, where he was appointed military commander and chief of staff of the Turkish minister of war. He was instrumental in forming the strong Turkish defense in the Gallipoli peninsula and frequently promised that the allied fleet would not be able to force a passage of the Dardanelles.

He received his command as chief of the first Turkish army in April of last year when he succeeded General Liman von Sanders in command of the Dardanelles army.

Recent dispatches reported Field Marshal von der Goltz as directing the operations in Asiatic Turkey. Before the fall of Erzerum he was said to be battling in the Tigris district, stiffened with 80,000 Turks.

QUEEN MARY THANKS BOSTON COMMITTEE

Queen Mary of England has sent a letter of thanks to the surgical dressings committee, which has its workrooms at the Peter Bent Brigham Hospital. The letter reads as follows:

"The twelve cases sent off by you by the Cunard and White Star lines have arrived safely.

"The Queen desires me to convey to you and all the kind workers who have helped in the splendid consignment, her majesty's most grateful thanks, and will you tell all the ever gallant French soldiers with all these lovely surgical things.

"We are sending out great consignments to Mesopotamia, and also to the hospitals round Verdun to help our gallant French Allies, who require so many things at present, and I cannot tell you how your generous gift has helped us.

'Wake Up, America' Heard at Orpheum

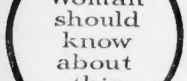
Duffy and Montague, who are scoring hit by singing "Wake Up America" at the Orpheum Theatre.

In these stirring times "Wake Up, America" strikes a chord in every heart. The audience at the Orpheum this week have been cheering Duffy and Montague, who have a clever act called "Fresh Paint," and who introduced the patriotic song:

Wake up, America!
If you are called to war
Are we prepared to give our lives
For our sweethearts and our wives?
Are our mothers and our homes
worth fighting for?
Let us pray God for peace,
but grave with honor
But Let's get ready to answer duty's
call
So when old glory stands unfurled
Let it mean to all the world,
America is ready, that's all.

A Valuable Cooking Lesson

Every Woman should know about this knob



It controls the famous Single Damper that has revolutionized the art of cooking.

This always cool knob controls for you the fire and heat of the oven.

One Motion
Three Positions
Three Results

You can find this simple yet wonderful device only in

Crawford Ranges

There are 19 other distinct and unique improvements in Crawford Ranges which make the name "Crawford" stand for the best stove in the world.

Go and see this exclusive labor saving, coal-economizing Damper. It's a little thing to look for —but a big thing to find.

It will teach you many important things about perfect cooking.

Call on the Crawford Dealer. Get a free valuable cooking lesson that will tell you plainly—convincingly—why the Crawford should be your choice.

Sold by leading dealers

Walker & Pratt Mfg. Co.
BOSTON, U. S. A.
Makers of highest quality Ranges, Furnaces and Boilers.

LEGISLATURE OFF UNTIL WEDNESDAY

After perfunctory sessions, the House and Senate adjourned to Wednesday in order that the legislators may participate in the presidential primaries Tuesday.

The legislative Committee on Street Railways reported reference to the next General Court on the recommendation of the public Service Commission for revision of the present plan for the maintenance and repair of public ways by street railways.

The Ways and Means committee reported favorably on a resolve for an Commission relative to the establishment of a state reservation at Parker's City Chasm in Sutton.

The same committee reported favorably a resolve authorizing the Metropolitan Park Commission to construct a bridge for the purpose of a boulevard from the Middlesex Fells reservation in Stoneham to Crystal Lake and Quannapowitt parkway in Wakefield.

The Public Health Committee reported a resolve directing the State Department of Health to make a survey showing the land that will be indefilled by the improving of the Neponset River.

In the Senate, the bills to establish a State-appointed excise board for Chelsea, to authorize cities and towns to establish purchasing departments to create a reserve list of officers in the National Guard were advanced without opposition. The last bill provides that graduates of the uniformed training school shall, upon their own request, be appointed second lieutenants and that graduates of the naval school shall be appointed ensigns on the reserve list.

TWO ASK DIVORCE IN DEDHAM COURT

Mrs. Adalyn Rice Attwood, prominent in Brookline society, has filed a petition for divorce from Charles Harrington Attwood of Detroit. The papers were filed in Dedham. She alleges cruel and abusive treatment, and intoxication. Their wedding in 1909 at Newton was a society event.

In the same court Mrs. Jeanette Lenhon of Quincy also asks for a divorce from James H. Lenon of Manchester, N. H. She charges desertion.

600 MEN GO OUT AT SPRINGFIELD

Springfield, April 22.—The trouble among the employes of the Westinghouse company which has developed in Pittsburgh has extended to this city today, when 600 men at the East Springfield plant walked out. The men voted last night to strike unless the companies agreed to their demands for better wages and working conditions. This demand was refused today and the strike followed.

FRANCE SETS LIMIT ON PRICE OF FOOD

Paris, April 22.—In line with the recent decision to regulate the prices of food and other commodities, a law is promulgated in the official journal authorizing municipal and other authorities to establish maximum rates for oil, sugar, coffee, dried vegetables, potatoes, oleomargarine, salad oils and petroleum.

AUTHOR DROPS SUIT FOR DIVORCE

Springfield, April 22.—George Allan England, the Socialist author, through attorney, filed a petition to withdraw his divorce suit against his wife, Meda Agnes England in the Superior Court today.

The suit, charging Mrs. England with intoxication and cruel and abusive treatment, was scheduled to come up in the May jury-waived session of the court.

England, according to his attorney, David E. Leary, is now without funds in a New York hospital and is unable to prosecute the suit. Mrs. England is with her daughter, Isabella, is said to be at Bryant Pond, Me.

Mrs. England married in Allston, September 13, 1902.

WOMAN KILLED BY TRAIN IN MAINE

Old orchard, Me., April 22.—An unidentified woman, about forty years of age, was killed by a Portland-bound train on the Eastern division of the Boston & Maine railroad, near Millbrook Mills.

The description of the woman, however, tallies closely like that of a woman giving her name as Mme Therese, her address as Boston, who, after arraignment in the Biddeford police court following an arrest for drunkenness and subsequent attempt at suicide in the police station, was given one hour in which to leave town.

The body was found by Victor Ricard of Biddeford, a section foreman, who was trailing the train on a handcar to extinguish sparks. Medical Examiner Twaddle, after examination, concluded that the woman, who undoubtedly was a passenger on the train, either jumped or fell between the cars while attempting to pass from one car to another.

KANSAS CITY ASKS T. R. TO SPEAK MAY 30

By International News Service.

Oyster Bay, N. Y., April 22.—Colonel Roosevelt has been invited to deliver the Memorial Day address at Kansas City May 30. The invitation will probably be accepted. It opens up an opportunity for an effective trying-out of the Roosevelt sentiment in the Mississippi Valley, where it is said to be strongest. Roosevelt supporters, therefore, are planning a big Middle West campaign for the Colonel in that section.

WHAT SOMERVILLE NEEDS AND WHY

Police Captain Robert R. Perry discusses his home city in tomorrow's Sunday American. Captain Perry has passed the three-score and ten, yet is active as a boy after nearly half a century on Somerville's police force.

Delegates for Wilson.

Springfield, Ill., April 22.—The Democratic State convention elected delegates to the national convention and instructed them to vote as a unit for the renomination of President Wilson.

SAYS HE FOUND BAG HOLDING $400,000

By International News Service.

Baltimore, Md., April 22.—Stoutly declaring that he found the satchel containing $400,000 worth of certificates which had been stolen from a New York firm about on February 26 last, on the train while on his way from New York to New Orleans, Edward H. Quigley, thirty-six, who says he lives in New York but is believed to be from Bridgefield Park, N. J., and arrested by the Baltimore police as he left a train at Union Station, was questioned at police headquarters today.

Nothing but the detectives could do would bring out any information from Quigley.

With Quigley at the time of his arrest was George F. Wendall of Long Island. Wendall said he did not know Quigley and only spoke to him casually as they were leaving the train.

Both are being held for further investigation.

The police were at the station looking for a St. Louis man wanted for raising money orders. Quigley answered the man's description and the police picked him up. When they found the securities at police headquarters they were overwhelmed with surprise.

CONFERS WITH INSPECTORS.

John C. Koons, chief postoffice inspector, was in Baltimore to confer with postoffice inspectors about some bogus money orders which were issued in St. Louis. After the conference, the local officials accompanied Chief Inspector Koons to the railroad station, where he intended to take a train for Washington, the same train on which Quigley and Wendall arrived here.

As the incoming passengers ascended the stairs, Quigley was quite conspicuous, and there was something about his appearance which, while it did not tally with the man wanted for money order frauds in St. Louis, suggested to the postoffice that he might be the man and they decided to attract him. He was speaking to Wendall, who is about thirty years old. Quigley is about thirty-six.

Quigley was searched and a revolver taken from him. His satchel was locked, but when opened, the inspectors were astonished to find that it contained about $400,000 worth of the securities sent to Baltimore banks by New York, last February, and stolen on the way from Jersey City to New York.

DISCLAIMS SATCHEL.

Quigley said that he lived in New York, but belonged in Ridgefield Park, N. J.

When asked by Inspector Koons to explain the presence of the securities, Quigley said he could not. But he added:

"I'll be honest with you. The satchel is not mine. A lady and gentleman left it in the car when they got out in Philadelphia. I intended to leave it where it could be returned to them.

Among the securities returned were New York Central, Atlantic Coast line Baltimore & Ohio Railroad, and Bethlehem Steel stocks, and a sight draft for $15,000 on a New York concern, to which certain stock is attached. Many of the securities are negotiable.

The robbery for which Quigley is charged occurred at 2 a. m. on February 26, on a ferryboat of the Central Railroad of New Jersey, bound from Jersey City to New York. The pilfering of mail sacks was done while an automobile truck laden with registered mail from Washington and Baltimore was in transit on the ferryboat.

OVERLOOKED BIGGER SUM.

In rifling the bags, which were taken from the truck and returned within eight minutes, the thieves overlooked several bundles containing dollars in treasury notes, shipped from the Treasury Department to local banks. It was learned to-day by investigators that this was the real quest of the thieves. Two postoffice missending clerks, who sat on the front seat of the truck at the time of the robbery, did not have keys to the rear and did not know that it had been opened.

CHARLES H. GIBSON, COTTON BROKER, DIES

Charles Hammond Gibson a member of one of Boston oldest families, died at his winter home, No. 171 Beacon street, after failing illness from heart trouble and complications.

He was born in Boston November 1, 1848. Early in life he was associated with Charles Joy in the cotton brokerage business. The firm later became Gibson and Grey and later still, Gibson and Haughton. For the last fifteen years he was in business for himself, gradually diminishing his activities.

On December 17, 1871, he married Rosamond Warren, the second daughter of Dr. Jonathan Mason Warren. She is a sister of Dr. J. Collins Warren. Mrs. Thomas Motley and Miss Annie H. Warren. Mrs. Gibson and three children survive. They are Mrs. Freeman Allen, Miss Rosamond Gibson and Charles Gibson, who recently resigned from the park and recreation department.

Mr. Gibson was an enthusiastic yachtsman and horseman. His Summer home was at Nahant.

Advertisement

GOOD-BYE RHEUMATISM, BACKACHE, WEAK KIDNEYS

An unhealthy body and the unhappiness and misery which follow may be prevented by ordinary judgment and care. Keep your stomach and kidneys in shape and you will have good health. The kidneys' work is to throw off the poisonous matters which enter the body. If they perform this work regularly and automatically the other organs will take care of themselves.

Diseased conditions of the bladder or kidneys are indicated by nervousness, sleeplessness, that tired, worn-out feeling, dizziness, nausea, backache, lumbago, rheumatism, pain in the lower abdomen, many so-called "female troubles," severe pain and discomfort when urinating, bloody, cloudy and stringy urine too frequent or suppressed passages. All these are nature's danger signals to warn you of diseased kidneys or bladder, which may lead to fatal Bright's disease.

The remedy is a simple matter if you act promptly. Go to your druggist and get a box of genuine GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. Haarlem Oil has been a standard remedy for all kidney and bladder troubles since 1696. Use imported direct from the ancient laboratories at Haarlem, Holland. Be sure you get the genuine GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. No substitute will give the proper result.

Don't wait until the danger is upon you. Go to your druggist at once. Get a trial box of GOLD MEDAL Haarlem Oil Capsules. They are made of the pure, original Haarlem Oil, the kind your great-grandmother used. About two capsules each day will keep you toned up and feeling fine. Money refunded if they do not help you. But remember to ask for the imported GOLD MEDAL brand.

SALEM CHURCH WINS FIGHT FOR PASTOR

The Lafayette Street Methodist Church of Salem wins in its desire to retain the Rev. John L. Ivey as pastor for another year.

So the Rev. James Madge of Malden, secretary of the New England Methodist Conference, announced today that he received notification over the long-distance telephone from Bishop John W. Hamilton in Pennsylvania that Pastor Ivey is to remain in Salem another year.

The New England Methodist Conference, recently sitting at Worcester, ordered that Ivey transferred from the Church of Medford. Pastor Ivey had been four years in Salem. The Lafayette street congregation like to well that it had offered him $200 more a year and had urged that the conference allow him to remain. The announcement last Monday night of his transfer caused keen disappointment in the Salem church, also a resolve not to give him up without protest.

Notice of appointment by Secretary Madge showed that the Salem church had gained its point.

Transfer of Pastor Ivey in Salem necessitated other changes which were announced today. The Reverend Charles C. P. Hiller of the First M. E. Church on Temple street, Malden, will go to the First Church in Melrose in place of Pastor Ivey. The vacancy in the Temple street pulpit will be filled by the Reverend R. T. Pieslings, formerly postmaster, who was originally selected to succeed Pastor Ivey in Salem when Louis C. Wrighe, who was in the First Church in Melrose, goes to the Wesley Church in Springfield, originally planned.

MURRAY ASSAILED BY WORCESTER MAN

Worcester, April 22.—Business men and postoffice employes here are worked up over what is alleged to be interference on the part of Postmaster William F. Murray of Boston in the appointment of John F. Keegan, superintendent of the Brookline postal station, as superintendent of mails in the local office, to take effect Monday.

The Worcester Chamber of Commerce is expected to enter a protest in Washington against the appointment. A large number of individual protests were sent directly to Postmaster-General Burleson and more are to follow. Keegan's appointment was not made on the recommendation of Postmaster John Alden Thayer, who is going to Washington Tuesday to talk with officials of the department.

Worcester people believe that the Washington appointment comes through the activity of Postmaster Murray. Keegan's record in the postal service shows rapid advances from the time Postmaster Murray was in Congress. The appointee was first made foreman of the East Milton station, was promoted to be examiner of stations in 1911 and has been superintendent of the Brookline station since April.

Should the Keegan appointment go through, it is said, Harry R. Hildreth and Patrick F. Sullivan, superintendents of delivery and mail, are to be demoted.

MALDEN STIRRED BY FALSE FIRE ALARMS

Much excitement and confusion was caused in Malden when mischievous persons turned in two false fire alarms, one a two alarm and the other a single. In Malden the fire whistle is used as a curfew, and is blown three times at 9 o'clock as a signal for all boys and girls under twenty years of age to go home.

The curfew had just sounded when an alarm came in from box 21. This was closely followed by a second, to register which it was again necessary to blow the fire whistle three times. Box 21 is in the Faulkner district, a crowded tenement section on the outskirts of the city. The men who arrived in answer to the first alarm were unable to find any signs of fire and were on their way back to their quarters when they met the apparatus which was responding to the second alarm. The second batch of apparatus had turned around to accompany them, when an alarm was sounded from box 45 in the Edgeworth section, about two miles distant.

There followed an exciting race in which nearly all the apparatus already out and many of the posses that had been covering took part. They took different routes and the noise of the automobile sirens was deafening. People were just leaving the churches and there was much excitement on the sidewalks. The police and fire authorities both investigated, but no clew could be found to the person or persons who sounded the alarms.

MELROSE MAN IS CRUSHED TO DEATH

Henry Doucette, twenty-seven, of Elizabeth street, Melrose, a clerk employed by the Winchester Rock and Brick Company, was instantly killed when a car loaded with stone crushed his body and legs.

He had just finished weighing the car, and as he released it for its descent down the incline to the storage tracks, he stepped in front of it to adjust the coupling so that the car would attach itself automatically to the string of cars at the lower end of the grade. In some unexplained manner his foot caught in the track and he fell before the moving car.

'I'LL GIVE FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS IF —'

But read what I shall have to say in the Sunday AMERICAN.

My name is Robert R. Perry.

When Somerville was a village of 8,000 people I was its first regular patrolman. I became a Police Captain and I held that place until they threw me out the other day by Act of the Legislature.

I am not going to fill a page of the Sunday AMERICAN. What I have to say can be said briefly and I'm a man of few words, BUT EVERY MAN AND WOMAN, NOT ONLY IN SOMERVILLE, BUT IN BOSTON AND CAMBRIDGE AND ALL ABOUT, SHOULD READ EVERY WORD OF IT. And—

'I'LL GIVE FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS IF —'

GRANT'S GRANDSON READY TO FIGHT

By International News Service.

New York, April 22.—General Grant's grandson, Captain Algernon Sartoris, is here today from Europe to offer his sword again to the United States army.

"You can say for me," he said to reporters, "that a grandson of General Grant is not too proud to fight." Wilson had no opposition.

CUMMINS BEATS T. R. IN MONTANA

Helena, Mont. April 22.—Scattering returns from yesterday's presidential primary today indicate that Senator Albert B. Cummins will win the State over Colonel Roosevelt. Complete returns are not expected for several days, but Cummins is leading by 3 to 2. On the Democratic side President Wilson had no opposition.

THAW DENIES HE IS TO MARRY TEACHER

New York, April 22. — Harry K. Thaw denies that he is soon to marry a school teacher. He declares his trip to New York is for the purpose of looking after his real estate interests.

He will return to Pittsburgh, he said, as soon as the Easter parade is over on Sunday. Thaw is stopping at the Hotel McAlpin.

Thaw was asked about the woman reported as suing him for divorce in St. Louis.

"That talk is all rubbish," he declared. "I never saw such a woman in my life and was not in Buffalo in 1903, where she says she was married.

"Last September I said I would not talk of my divorce, but now that it is all over I can only wish Evelyn Nesbit the very best of fortune. I wish to state in extenuation of her errors that she was ill-treated by lawyers after my arrest ten years ago.

"From the day we married there was not a word to be said against her until after certain lawyers had neglected her interests. Several seemed to think more of helping the then District Attorney keep secret the names of over twenty of Mr. White's associates than they did of standing by her."

Thaw is in much better health than he has been before for years.

IF YOU LIVE IN CAMBRIDGE

You must not miss your copy of tomorrow's Sunday American. It will contain charming photographs of pretty Cambridge children.

The Servant of the Lamp

ALADDIN'S lamp had a wonderful Servant—a genie who could serve a banquet in a twinkling and build a palace overnight.

But that was long ago in Baghdad, in the days of Scheherzade and the Sultan Haroun-al-Raschid.

Today there are new lamps, less picturesque, perhaps, but more useful. And the new lamp has a new servant, whose name is Socony.

Socony (So-CO-ny) is the name of the Standard Oil Company of New York's best kerosene. Aladdin's lamp never had a servant half so clean and efficient and reliable as Socony Kerosene Oil.

Socony is easily summoned—just say "Socony" to the grocer's boy when you give him your oil can to get filled.

Socony Kerosene Oil is free from dirt or grit of any kind. It burns with a clear, full flame and does not leave wick crust.

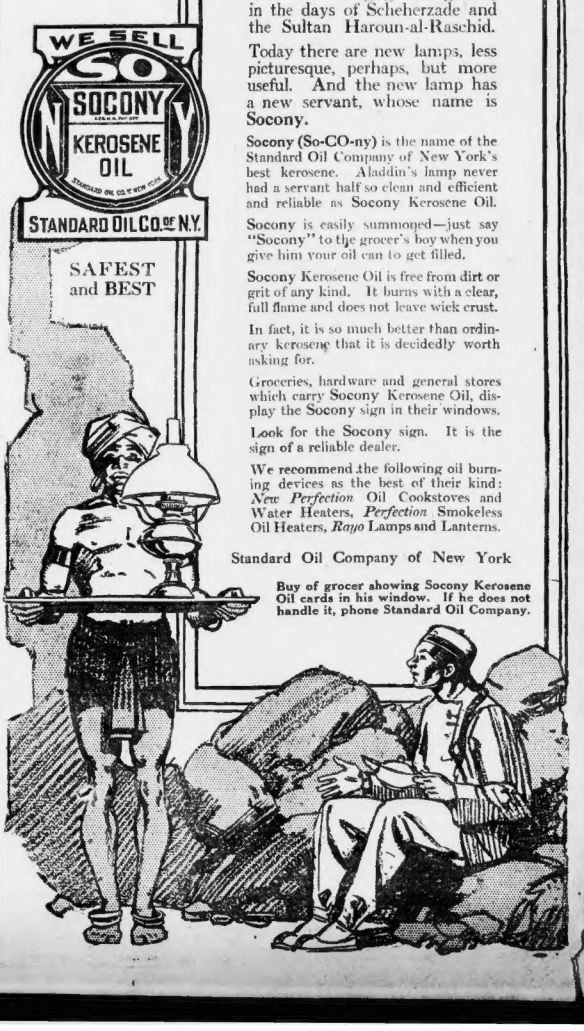
In fact, it is so much better than ordinary kerosene that it is decidedly worth asking for.

Groceries, hardware and general stores which carry Socony Kerosene Oil, display the Socony sign in their windows.

Look for the Socony sign. It is the sign of a reliable dealer.

We recommend the following oil burning devices as the best of their kind: *New Perfection* Oil Cookstoves and Water Heaters, *Perfection* Smokeless Oil Heaters, *Rayo* Lamps and Lanterns.

Standard Oil Company of New York



Buy of grocer showing Socony Kerosene Oil cards in his window. If he does not handle it, phone Standard Oil Company.

All New England Is Interested in the Big American Baby Contest

This will serve to introduce Miss Virginia Wixon Jopp of Edgewood, R. I., a fine type of the New England baby.

'PARSIFAL' IS AGAIN SUNG IN BOSTON

By FRED J. McISAAC.

There were two Good Friday performances by the Metropolitan, "Parsifal" in the afternoon and "Martha" in the evening, with Caruso, Barrientos, Perini and De Luca.

The singers in "Parsifal" were Melanie Kurt, Sembach, Weltzmil, Braun and Goritz.

"Parsifal" was the last, and in the opinion of many, the greatest of Wagner's works. It was produced for the first time in the Festival Theatre at Bayreuth, Bavaria, which had been built for Wagner in 1882, and it was applied by him as "Sacred Festival Drama."

It was not Wagner's intention that "Parsifal" should be in the repertory of an ordinary opera company, but that it should be given only at Bayreuth as a yearly festival. So for a quarter of a century Bayreuth became the Mecca of Wagner devotees from all over the world, and "Parsifal" was given with the utmost splendor of mounting, interpreted by artists with whom it was a religion, and before an audience of the elect. Naturally the work was enhaloed by its setting.

FIVE HOURS OF OPERA.

It was Conried who secured the score and proceeded to give a production in the Metropolitan some eight years ago, and Germania hasn't forgiven us yet for bringing it across the Atlantic. Wagner's widow has never become reconciled to this violation of her husband's wishes.

Although short cuts have been made in "Parsifal" since it was first given, it is still far too long for the ordinary operagoer. The performance began yesterday at 1 p. m. and did not conclude until after 6.

When Henry Savage brought the work to Boston with his English opera Company he began the performance at 8 p. m., allowed an hour and a half for dinner and continued until nearly midnight.

Yesterday afternoon there was a long intermission for refreshments.

"Parsifal" is the last extremity of the German's dedication so evident in all Wagner's works. The composer took infinite pains with his score and didn't consider that time was of any value to those who came to hear it. He developed his themes conscientiously and completely, and gave no thought to last cars, suburban trains or any of the inconveniences of modern life.

SEVERAL GRAND SCENES.

"Parsifal" is drawn from the legend of the Holy Grail, the same that Abbey has illustrated for the Boston Public Library. Wagner has used the German variation of the legend, and his pure knight is named Parsifal, not Galahad.

During the five hours of the drama there is comparatively little action. The ceremony of unveiling the Holy Grail in Amfortas, the old king, before the company of Knights is exceedingly impressive, and the enchanted garden in which Kundry and the flower maidens endeavor to seduce Parsifal from his quest are the most dramatic moments, while the final ceremony in which Parsifal achieves the Grail is inconceivably grand.

The music of this monster work is not melodious in the generally accepted sense, and yet it is anything but the dry, arid, uninspired work of Wagner's old age that some have declared. It has long passages that contain marvelous music, and through the whole score runs a mystic fervor that is enthralling.

SEMBACH SINGS WELL.

Sembach as Parsifal possesses a rare and rich tenor voice, which the conventional German method of singing has not yet spoiled. Kurt is a dramatic soprano of marvelous lung power and fine tone. Weltzmil sings unromantically and tediously, but Braun and Goritz are admirable in their roles.

Bodanzky, who has been hailed as a sterling conductor of German opera, demonstrates in "Parsifal" that he has a sense of poetry and discrimination with his other qualities, and more regard for the rights of the voices than many German conductors.

It is the Metropolitan orchestra which really triumphs in "Parsifal." Beyond any question it is the most flexible, fluent, mellifluous instrument in the hands of a conductor which exists in any opera house in the world.

Registration Card.

Baby's name.

Father's name.

Mother's name.

Address.

Sex

Date of birth

PRESENT MEASUREMENTS.

Weight ..... Height .....

Circumference of head.....

Circumference of abdomen.....

Circumference of chest.....

The AMERICAN'S Best Babies Contest is planned to arouse, not only in Boston, but all over New England, a new and enthusiastic interest in baby life.

How to get a prize for a perfect baby should be the question to get 1000 mothers more interested in their babies than they have ever been before. Some mothers, and fathers too, when they see that the whole community is interested in their little ones, will bring their wee little critters everywhere are watched how their babies are being reared, will perhaps be less careless about feeding, clothing and fresh air.

The baby must be prince and king in the household and neighborhood. The AMERICAN believes that every baby—in a way belongs to the whole community; it is yours and it is mine. If it grows up strong, perfect in body, mind and soul, all of us are benefited and the city is stronger to resist evils that come to prey upon its government, its commerce, and its social life.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM
A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate Dandruff. For Restoring Color and Beauty to Gray or Faded Hair. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists.

WANTED — NEW IDEAS
Write for List of Inventions Wanted. 1,000,000 in prizes offered for inventions. Send sketch for free opinion of patentability. Our four books sent free. VICTOR J. EVANS & CO., 644 Ninth, Washington, D. C.

REMEMBER!
In addition to the many bargain lots, we carry full lines of Regular Goods in every Basement Department, at prices averaging much lower than elsewhere.

Jordan Marsh Company
Great Basement Store
The Store of Absolute Satisfaction

Unbleached Cotton
15c

For Women Who Want Economy Coupled With the Very Latest Correct and Becoming Styles and Good Serviceable Materials

Here Is the Place and Now Is the Time to Buy

NEW SPRING SUITS

At Prices That Are Sure to Fit Your Purse

1000 Handsome Suits
Over 75 Different Models

In an endless variety of fashionable colors and fabrics, with all the most up-to-date style touches of the hour.

19.50 to 22.00 Suits at 15.00
22.00 to 25.00 Suits at 16.50
25.00 to 27.50 Suits at 17.95

Some of the best bargains in tailored suits ever offered in our Great Basement Store are included in this big sale. All the smartest style touches of the hour are here in the new vestees, ripple effects, semi-Norfolk braid bound, taffeta and serge combinations, military and dressy styles, in the regular sizes and stylish stouts.

15.00 to 18.00 Suits
Very Special 10.75

Just about 100 suits in this lot. Many of them are samples—only one of a kind. Also quite a number of the popular dark blue suits.

Laces
Cluny Lace Insertions, 12½c
Oriental Lace Flouncings, 49c
Oriental Lace Flouncings, 98c

Silks
Black Satin Messaline, 85c
Wash Satin, 1.50
Faille Francais, 98c

Men's Hosiery
Pure Thread Silk Hosiery, 25c
Fibre Silk Half Hose, 19c
Mercerized Cotton Hose, 12½c
Cotton Hose, 12½c

Linens
Turkish Bath Towels, 33c
Turkish Bath Towels, 25c
Turkish Bath Towels, 19c
Turkish Towels, 12½c
Double Thread Huck Towels, 10c
Pure Linen Glass Towels, 20c
Heavy "Wear Well" Roller Towels, 29c
Red Stripe Glass Towels, 9c
Repp Crash "No Lint" Dish Towels, 11c

Gloves
89c
1.00
49c
50c
55c

Undermuslins
19c
49c
39c
49c
69c
69c
98c
98c
1.29
98c
1.98

1.00 to 1.50 Dress Goods
75c
All wool fabrics, 44 to 54 inches wide. Discontinued patterns. All desirable colors in the lot.

After-Easter Clearance of Exclusive Untrimmed Hats
49c
Original Values 1.00, 1.49 & 1.98
Including Milan Hemps, Plain Hemps and Lisere

Trimmed Hats, sailors, pokes, walking, riccories and close-fitting turbans of leghorn, hair cloth, horsehair braids, trimmed with silk, velvet, moire and faille ribbon, wings, flowers and fancies. 4.98

Untrimmed Hats, including large and small sailors in Italian, milan, mohair, hemp and novelty braids. Wide-brim sailors in leghorns and fancy braids in every wanted shape and color. 1.29 to 2.98

Real Chic Hats in this lot are collection for sailors, large and small trimmings, fancies and wide brim pokes in plenty of Black and all the best colors. Very special at 49c

Domestic and Imported Braids, silk, satin, horsehair and lace, several hundred to and several pieces of the best braids and lace patterns in all the best colors, original values to 1.98, choice 29c

Leather Goods
Black Cowhide Traveling Bags, 4.98
Brown Cowhide Students' Bags, 2.45
Cane Suit Cases, 2.98
Morocco Hand Bags, 1.19

Special 1.00 Royal Worcester Corsets
59c

Cottons
Sheeting, 25c
Pillow Cases, 11c
Bleached Sheets, 55c
Summer Blankets, 98c

These Charming Afternoon Party and Graduation Dresses
Original Value $15
9.98

Pictured is a taffeta and voile combination afternoon dress, hand-embroidered girdle, long tunic skirt. This is only one of the many styles. Newest colors and latest style touches.

Net Graduation Dress 9.98
Dainty Party Dresses 7.98
Net Dresses 7.98
Afternoon Dresses 14.98

We've Never Before Shown Such Values in Smart Coats and Skirts
Exclusive Styles

Women's New Coats, 6.95
Women's New Coats, 9.98
Women's New Coats, 15.00
Women's New Skirts, 4.95
Women's New Skirts, 5.95

WAITE'S STUDIO MATE MAY TURN AGAINST HIM

New York, April 22.—Mrs. Margaret Horton, studio companion of the Arthur Warren, Waite tea fame, Hotel, and a long conference with Assistant District Attorney Dodge. As a result she may appear as a witness for the district at the forgery trial of her friend.

Mrs. Horton was accompanied by Harry Mack Horton, her husband, and Harold Spielberg, her lawyer.

She talked freely with Mr. Dodge of her relations with Dr. Waite. What she said, it expected, would be strongly against the contention of Mr. Dodge that Waite was sane when he added from H. Peck, his former wife, several Mrs. Horton, according to Dr. Rowley, is going to commit the present "nuts to" by striking out the words "Insane Asylum" and substituting "Sing Sing."

The task of cross-examining Dr. Rowley is going to be anything but pleasant for Waite, who is not only, there will be defense.

The task of cross-examining Dr. Rowley is going to be anything but pleasant for Waite, who is not only, there will be defense.

The leading figure in health business and professional circles of Boston, known as the "Dean" of the Massachusetts Legislature and member of the Public Health Council, died suddenly last night at his home, 10 Ware road, Newton Centre, of heart disease. He was 70 years old.

Dr. Bowles was born in Dedham, Mass., and was graduated from Harvard College in 1867 and from the Harvard Medical School in 1870. He began the practice of medicine in Boston, and was for many years a member of the staff of the Boston City Hospital. He was also a member of the staff of the Massachusetts General Hospital.

Dr. Bowles was a member of the Boston Medical Association, the Massachusetts Medical Society, the Suffolk District Medical Society, the Boston Society for Medical Improvement, the Boston Medical Library Association, the Boston Society of Natural History, the Boston Society for Psychical Research

A Great Grist of Big Local Features for Tomorrow's Sunday American

A Boston girl nurse tells how our girls fare in fighting France. Nothing like this fascinating and informing account has been brought from the firing line by man or woman.

What Somerville needs and why, told with a punch by a seventy years old police chief who wants to be mayor and says so. Whether you live in Somerville or not you can profit by reading this story.

What a Cambridge girl is doing for children of the University City. A revelation in the study of grace, the kind of grace that makes us sigh for the good old days of grandmother and the minuet. You should know for your daughter's sake.

Then we have some things of special interest in Cambridge and Somerville, enough to almost justify the getting out of a special American for those cities.

There are one thousand laughs in the big City Life and the Colored Comic sections. Love, history, mystery, science, sociology, fiction, drama, music, poetry, society, fashions, and club life are found in the magazine, editorial and dramatic sections.

Tell your dealer to deliver a copy of the Boston Sunday American at your house TOMORROW.

Order Your American Now!

GERMAN VOTE ON T. R. IS IN DOUBT

By WILLIS J. ABBOT.
Editorial Correspondent of the Boston American.

Chicago, April 22.—Will the nomination of Roosevelt cost the Republican party the German-American vote which Wilson has driven from the Democratic party to almost any other candidate?

That is a crucial question. Upon it will, in great measure, hang the decision of the Republican National Convention. For, mark you, that convention will not nominate Roosevelt eagerly. It will be no more enthusiastic about honoring the returned prodigal than the Democrats are to nominate Wilson.

But the Republicans will be guided by expediency rather than resentment.

Of course, in nearly every State a greater part of the German-American vote is Republican. Probably three-fifths or more is the proportion, greater when Bryan was a candidate, but growing more favorable to the Democrats until President Wilson drove nine-tenths of the votes of that class away.

POWER IF UNITED.

Here in Illinois they are a power which, if united, is dominant. The State has gone Democratic only twice in sixty years in national elections.

The last time was in 1912, when the Roosevelt split gave Wilson the electoral vote, though the joint Republican and Progressive vote exceeded that of the Democrats by 245,031.

The other case was in 1892, when John P. Altgeld, the most clear-visioned Democrat Illinois ever knew, rallied the Germans to the Democratic party in defence of educational freedom and carried the State for Grover Cleveland—being hounded out of public life by the Clevelandites by way of reward.

With Wilson as the inevitable Democratic candidate, Illinois Republicans naturally look to the disaffection of the Germans toward him as a means most certainly of carrying the State. If it were apparent they were equally disaffected toward Roosevelt and in the event of his nomination would either divide along traditional lines or refrain from voting altogether, such a nomination would mean the voluntary relinquishment by the Republicans of a great potential force for victory.

AFFECTS T. R. ALONE.

A like condition exists in Wisconsin, Michigan, Missouri and to some extent Indiana. It seems to me to present the most formidable argument from the viewpoint of mere expediency against the nomination of Mr. Roosevelt.

There is no suspicion of German hostility to any other Republican candidate whose name is heard. The problem affects Roosevelt alone and beyond doubt his friends and enemies alike are trying to find out whether in fact this mighty political force is to be exerted against him.

Perhaps the most representative and distinguished of the German born citizens of Chicago, a man of wealth, leading a great business institution, who in his fifty years of active life here has been honored in every public way by the people, spoke of Roosevelt more in sorrow than in anger.

DEMAND FAIRNESS.

"We love and idolize him," he said. "The Germans of Chicago were with him to a man in his campaigns as the regular Republican candidate and four years ago I myself organized a Roosevelt German League, with a membership of nearly 80,000. But he has allowed prejudice to sway him in his outlook on international affairs. We do not ask of our public men that they favor Germany, but we do demand fairness for her."

One of the foremost German lawyers, also a highly honored and long-time resident of Chicago, declared his thorough acquiescence in this position.

"I can speak for the older Germans of this city," said he, "for those either born in Germany or who have kept up by travel their relations with the old country. For Wilson they have both enmity and contempt. They regard him as the real ally of England. But Roosevelt's utterances have filled them with sadness. They look upon him as a lost leader."

MAY WIN BACK VOTE.

These two men undoubtedly spoke for a great faction. But they are men of advanced years—one beyond seventy, the other narrowly approaching that age. I talked to two others more nearly representing young German America.

One is a successful lawyer, whose father was a German exile of the revolution of '48, and who is himself active in all German movements here.

"We would rather have another candidate than Roosevelt," said he.

"While we regret mugh that he has said we are inclined to subdue the importance of his utterances and to consider what he would do if confronted by responsibility. We complain that he has been harsh to Germany, but we do not feel he will join Wilson in bending the knee to England."

A distinguished surgeon on the staff of the German hospital said:

"The Germans here are less hostile to Roosevelt than they were six weeks ago. It is wholly possible for him to win back yet, by well considered utterances, the German vote, which normally is overwhelming for him."

Women, too,

Treated for Drink Habit

The Neal Institute is for both men and women. Absolute privacy is maintained when desired by the patient and he or she need see only the attendants or invited friends. Women patients are attended by female nurses.

Here, in three days, amid homelike surroundings, you can get rid of your desire for liquor and regain health, confidence and ability.

There is no charge for consultation. All dealings are confidential.

THE NEAL INSTITUTE
804 NEWBURY ST., BOSTON
Tel. (day or night) Back Bay 3870

Chicago Daniel Comes to Judgment with Decree Bacon Wrote Shakespeare

By International News Service.

Chicago, April 22.—In person at last—Francis Bacon wrote William Shakespeare's works!

The controversy of centuries has one discordant note in the melody of poetry, has been passed upon finally by an Illinois court. And the decision, coming as it does in Circuit Court Judge Tuthill's court, is final in that the trial can never be reopened.

The wisdom that dripped from the quill of "William Shakespeare" was really the product of the "genius of" Lord Francis Bacon.

The decision was rendered in a suit brought by a moving picture promoter to restrain Colonel George Fabyan from publishing a book supporting the Baconian theory. It was alleged that the production of this book would work to the detriment of certain motion picture productions.

DECISION OF THE COURT.

After listening for three weeks to the testimony of experts who expounded or attacked the famous cipher on which the Bacon theory rests, Judge Tuthill held:

The court finds that in the published and acknowledged works of Francis Bacon there is given a cipher which Bacon devised in his early youth when in Paris, called the Biliteral cipher; that the witness, Elizabeth Wells Gallup, has applied that cipher according to the directions left by Francis Bacon, and has found that the name and character of Shakespeare was used as a mask by Francis Bacon to publish philosophical facts, stories and statements contributing to the literary renaissence in England which has been the glory of the world.

The court further finds that the claim of the friends of Francis Bacon that he is the author of said works of Shakespeare, and the facts and circumstances in the vast bibliography of the controversy over the question of authorship and the proofs submitted herewith, convince the court that Francis Bacon is the author.

ASSESSED $5,000 DAMAGES.

William N. Selig, who brought the suit to restrain the publication of the Baconian book, was ordered by the court to pay Fabyan $5,000 for damages done in delaying the book's publication. Selig will appeal.

By SIR HERBERT TREE.
Eminent English Shakespearean Actor.

New York, April 22.—If Bacon wrote Shakespeare, then assuredly must Bacon have written Bacon. I was written some disconcerted words never to forget if you see it on program: be an expert to work, but as an humble actor, I claim to be an expert in literature.

I have not stood in all the vast halls of intellectual judgment that has been written, and neither am I the wisest one single proud that Bacon wrote Shakespeare.

In fact, this fantastic guess, I believe, had its birth in the eighteenth century. It would be quite as easy to prove that Bacon won the battle of Waterloo, he claims. The only wonder is that when controversy is literature are as thick as mosquitoes on a June day there are no more colorable evidences in favor of the Baconian theory.

CALLS DECISION DIRECTIONS.

It is a pity that the acute and intellectual city of Chicago, through one of its accredited judges, should succeed in making itself ridiculous at this historic moment.

There is not a single sentient person who does not laugh the Baconian theory to scorn. That Shakespeare was an actor we know. No one but he could have written his works. He himself, lamented in his sonnets that he has made himself a "show."

I have given this one little instance that seems to me absolutely conclusive, as a straw to prove conclusively which way a stream is running.

PROOFS OF AUTHENTICITY.

Shakespeare's christian name was William. Bacon's christian name was Francis. In his sonnets, in the outpourings of his soul, the author repeatedly punned on his name, as "Your own sweet Will," in writing to his love.

It is conceivable that Francis Bacon, the courtier, would hide his identity behind the actor, in writing his plays, in order to save his head. It is impossible that he should have referred to himself as "Your own sweet Will" in his love sonnets. He would have darkly punned on the word "Frank." This is obvious. It is the obvious we never see.

When I see a straw floating upstream I will believe Bacon wrote Shakespeare.

Best of all, let doubters read the eulogy of Shakespeare written after his death by Ben Jonson, admittedly his greatest rival.

Bryan Leaves Capital After Mission Fails

Washington, April 22.—William Jennings Bryan broke camp here and left for some place, destination not stated, to resume his speaking tour. After a stay of less than thirty hours in the capital Bryan evidently reached the conclusion that he could not stop the war. He came here after having canceled an engagement in New Orleans, and announced that duty called him to this city, where he was going to do all in his power to stop the carnage in Europe and to prevent the country from becoming embroiled in it.

Before leaving he conferred with some of his friends in Congress.

Representative Bailey of Pennsylvania, Bryan's closest friend and political adviser in Congress, had no intimation of Mr. Bryan's plans except the telegraphic announcement that he was coming and a telephone statement that he was leaving. Bailey said that during his conference with Bryan the latter had not suggested any action that Congress should take at this time. Bailey said:

It is not my intention to introduce any resolution bearing upon the European situation, and so far as I know none will be introduced.

Bryan did not counsel any action. He feels, as do many others, that as Congress has given the President a free hand in conducting the diplomatic negotiations with Germany, when the time comes, if it does, when this country is confronted with the question of declaring war or not, the President should be as considerate with Congress as it has been with him, and not bring to bear any influence as to the action that shall be taken.

It was not Bryan's intention to stay in Washington and lead a fight against the administration. He came here ready to do anything he could to help the situation. But what is there to be done? Evidently when he found he could not be of any assistance, he decided to leave and fill his engagements.

FALL FROM HORSE KILLS MISS FLYNN

Washington, April 22.—Miss Mabel Flynn of Warrenton, Va., one of the country's most famous horsewomen, is dead from injuries sustained in a drag hunt at Warrenton on April 15. She was riding to the hounds at the Warrenton Hunt Club when the accident happened. She was trying to take a fence, when her mount fell. Miss Flynn was thrown and the horse landed on her, breaking several bones and injuring her internally.

MAN'S LEGS SEVERED BY EXPRESS TRAIN

Fitchburg, April 22.—Charles Beecroft, thirty-four, of Schaghticoke, N. Y., had both legs severed at the ankle while attempting to board a freight train here. Beecroft with his mangled legs crawled 100 yards to the roadside, where his cries attracted the attention of a passerby. His condition is critical.

John D. Gives Child 7 Cents for Her Bank

By International News Service.

New York, April 22.—Little Cecilia Goldmar, five years old, of 1121 Lexington avenue, the Bronx, for a bank to which John D. Rockefeller has added a contribution.

Cecilia and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Hyman Goldmar, were crossing the Rockefeller estate at Pocantico Hills, Tarrytown, when a ball struck Miss Goldmar, but she was not injured.

"My good lady, I am glad you are not hurt," said Rockefeller, as he walked briskly to the women's side. Turning to the child he said:

"I am glad to know you, little lady. Have you a bank at home?"

Cecilia said she had. Mr. Rockefeller turned his hand into his coat. He drew it forth and handed the little girl—SEVEN PENNIES.

LAST LINCOLN DEATH SUSPECT IS DEAD

Baltimore, April 22.—John Harrison Surratt, last survivor of the alleged conspirators cried for vengeance in the plot to assassinate Abraham Lincoln, is dead here. He was seventy-two years old. Mr. Surratt had retired as general freight agent of the Baltimore Steamer Packs Company.

In the Civil War he served in the Confederate secret service. When he heard that a warrant had been issued for him, he fled from the country to Canada and then to Europe, to Egypt and to South America. He was arrested after being brought back for trial and came to Baltimore.

Where to See the MYSTERIES OF MYRA

ST. JAMES THEATRE
239 Huntington Av., Boston
April 24-25-26

SO. END THEATRE
978 Washington St., Boston
April 24-25

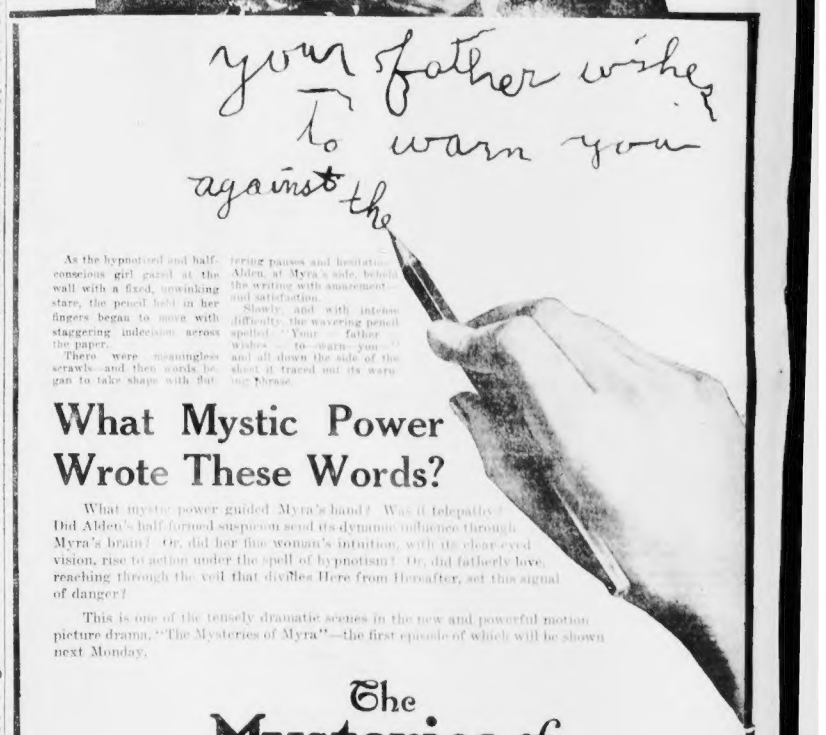
COMIQUE THEATRE
14 Tremont Row, Boston
April 24-25

BOWDOIN SQUARE THEATRE
Bowdoin Square, Boston
April 27-28-29

BIJOU THEATRE
162 No. Main St., Fall River
April 24-25-26

ROYAL THEATRE
488 Merrimac St., Lowell
April 28-29

Scene from the wonderful film drama, "The Mysteries of Myra." Howard Estabrook as Payson Alden and Jean Sothern as Myra Maynard.



What Mystic Power Wrote These Words?

What mystic power guided Myra's hand? Was it telepathy? Did Alden's half formed suspicion send its dynamic influence through Myra's brain? Or, did her fine woman's intuition, with its clear eyed vision, rise to action under the spell of hypnotism? Or, did fatherly love, reaching through the veil that divides Here from Hereafter, set this signal of danger?

This is one of the tensely dramatic scenes in the new and powerful motion picture drama, "The Mysteries of Myra"—the first episode of which will be shown next Monday.

As the hypnotized and half-conscious girl gazed at the wall with a fixed, unwinking stare, the pencil held in her fingers began to move with staggering indecision across the paper.

There were meaningless scrawls—and then words began to take shape with fluttering pauses and hesitations. Alden, at Myra's side, beheld the writing with awakening amazement and satisfaction.

Slowly, and with intense difficulty, the wavering pencil spelled: "Your — father wishes — to — warn — you —" and all down the side of the sheet it traced out its warning phrase.

The Mysteries of MYRA

For the first time in the history of motion pictures, psychic phenomena, with all its strange and unsolved riddles of mind-reading, hypnotism, spirit materializations and clairvoyance—has been made the basis of a marvellously interesting and thrilling drama.

And through this tangled web of curious and subtle forces a love-story shines like a jewel in all the golden-hearted purity of its loyalty and devotion.

Written by a master of the dramatic

"The Mysteries of Myra"—the newest new thing in motion picture plays—is the work of Charles W. Goddard, originator of the marvellously successful film dramas, "The Perils of Pauline" and "The Exploits of Elaine," and Howard Carrington, world famous as an expert in psychic knowledge.

Don't fail to start in with the first episode, and see the thrilling first scenes.

Read the story in THE **Sunday American** and then See it on the screen

The story will appear in weekly installments in the Boston Sunday American. Read it—and then see it in all its charm and beauty of life at your favorite theatre.

The First Episode will be shown **Next Monday**

A List of theatres will be printed in This newspaper

Produced by Wharton, Inc., under the personal direction of Theodore and Leo Wharton.

A Man's Friends Frequently Cause Him More Trouble Than His Enemies

BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS

DODGERS BEWARE TODAY

Stallings Talks on Sundry Subjects; Better Ball Assured; Maranville Scrap Tame.

By HERMAN NICKERSON.

WHEN the braves get together in their daily skull practice this morning at braves field they will probably listen to some talk by the Miracle Man. He was forced to sit through about the most one-sided exhibition of the baseball game any Boston National League team has played in this or any other city since he became the leader of the men.

They hiked away as many runs as were necessary to win a couple of ball games, and they could not stop the pitching of Rieffer. Intermission they looked all right. The opening game was an exhibition of how badly the Dodgers could look and still stay in the league. Vaughn looked good at the reverse of that. The Brooklyn team was none too good, but they were so much more inclined to clout the ball that whatever they did in the way of fielding was so low as to be the final result was concerned.

It may not be so fast food of a pitcher when his support is as respectful as that given Nehf. Those three runs in the opening stanza did not have been scored. Only one at the outside should have come over. After that he settled down and held the Dodgers nicely. He was taken out to let Connolly bat for him, which caused Knetzer to be sent to the mound.

KNETZER HAS TROUBLES.

Knetzer had his share of troubles also with the support, but when a team can pile up five hits, two three-baggers, one double and a home run, they are hitting for pitching, and withstanding the two errors that helped him no end. Knetzer was not cut loose a wild pitch also in the windmill delivery of his and in the five innings he pitched he managed to make seven of the ten runs on him his, aided and abetted by poor support.

Rieffer held the Braves to three runs in the last eight innings and they have had possibly one. There were three errors in that session and there is no way of telling of what might have happened had the fielders fielded cleanly. The total hits on the Brooklyn pitchers were seven, which matched the number of errors made by their opponents in the field.

This was not a game to be proud of or to dwell upon too strongly. It was a game that any team may expect a team most play during a season to get the bad stuff out of their system. That is the charitable view of the situation anyway.

SCRAP NOT SERIOUS.

The little mixup at third was not a very serious affair so far as Bloodshed was concerned, for none of the men in the trenches were injured. The language used, however, could have been more intimate and not quite so loud, for the remarks of the baseball players were very much enjoyed by the stands, in which were many ladies.

Possible there will be two or more men missing from the lineups of the teams for the next game, according to the judgment of the president of the league based upon the report sent in by Rieffer, who, it would seem, seemed to handle the affair as a bit too heavy for the man he fanned through the box and then threw at first base, drawing them to their corners was worth the price of admission.

Maranville and Stengel were the stars of the game as a result of the encounter, once and for all, with the umpire on the bench for talking to Ump Harrison. Those in the right field pavilion and the grand stand applauded the action of the arbitrator, so there must have been some cause for the getting of the official.

DULL GAME.

It was not a lively game such as this incident. It dragged on for most games do, taking two hours and twenty minutes to get it into the league records. With it one sees the small half-dozen Monday morning wondering why they had thought of going to a ball game in the cold temperature. The fans of Boston do not mind sitting out in December weather when the home team is in the championship series for its win column, but they have a far different view of their baseball when they are away from the park after such a game as that of yesterday.

Magee of clean-up fame is supposed now to be a ball player, but the wrist which will soon him out of the game for some weeks. The Rise, it would be said by K. O. a few days, but in this enlightened age, where the X-ray works where the guessing used to figure it was discovered that there were fractured bones.

Manager Stallings was somewhat upset by the fifth inning, and began wondering why they had thought of going to a ball game in the cold temperature. The fans of Boston do not mind sitting out in December weather when the home team is in the championship series for its win column, but they have a far different view of their baseball when they are away from the park after such a game as that of yesterday.

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X-RAY GETS STALLINGS.

Speaking of the injury, Manager Stallings remarked that in the days when he played the game there were no such things as X-ray examinations and all that medical furbelow. If a man was hit on the wrist he had his hand bandaged and laid off for a day or so, and then went back in the game.

"Since the X-ray," said Manager Stallings, "you can't show me a case where a ball player has been injured but what the plate has shown some kind of a fracture. I put the matter up to the boys at the talk and asked them if they knew of a case, and they all agreed that there had not been one.

By this it may be seen that Manager Stallings has not much use for that X-ray when it takes a ball player away from his club at a time when his hitting would help.

The game today is likely to see Tyler and Cheney at the task of getting the odd game in the present series.

HOTEL CROFTON
Eliot, between Wash. & Tremont Sts.
SPECIAL—$1.25
EVERY SATURDAY.
Planked sirloin Steak
Served for Two Persons
Served in Cafe and Grill Room, 11 a. m. to 11 p. m.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS

SILK HAT HARRY

By TAD

BASE BALL SUMMARY

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Brooklyn 10, Boston 3.
Philadelphia 6, New York 2.
Cincinnati-Chicago—Cold.
Pittsburgh 5, St. Louis 3.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Brooklyn	4	1	.800	Cincinnati	3	3	.500
Boston	3	2	.600	Chicago	3	4	.429
St. Louis	3	3	.500	Pittsburgh	2	3	.400
				New York	1	4	.167

TODAY'S GAMES
Brooklyn at Boston.
Philadelphia at New York.
St. Louis at Pittsburgh.
Cincinnati at Chicago.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

Philadelphia 2, Boston 1.
New York 5, Washington 2. 17 innings, rain.
Detroit 4, Chicago 2.
St. Louis 11, Cleveland 1.

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Boston	6	3	.667	Washington	4	4	.500
New York	5	3	.667	Chicago	3	5	.500
St. Louis	5	3	.625	Cleveland	2	5	.286
Detroit	5	4	.556	Phila.	1	6	.143

TODAY'S GAMES
Boston at Philadelphia.
New York at Washington.
Chicago at Detroit.
Cleveland at St. Louis

American Association.
Kansas City 10, Columbus 2.
Louisville 3, Minneapolis 2.
Milwaukee 7, Toledo 5.
Indianapolis-St. Paul—Rain.

Southern Association.
New Orleans 7, Atlanta 1.
Little Rock 13, Memphis 4.
Nashville 2, Mobile 1. 12 innings.
Birmingham 10, Mobile 6.

Pacific Coast League.
Los Angeles 2, San Francisco 1.
Vernon 4, Oakland 2.
Portland-Salt Lake—Rain.

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Syracuse Has a Strong Nine This Year

Syracuse, April 22.—The Syracuse University baseball team has started on its first trip of the season, and six games have been played are the athletes again appear on the stadium boards. Upon the outcome of those six games depends to a great extent the success of the season.

The team opposes Union City College at Grove City, Pa., this afternoon. Monday, Pittsburgh will be met at Pittsburgh, and Carnegie Tech will be the opponent the following day. Dickinson is scheduled for Wednesday at Carlisle, and the Pennsylvania journey will end with a game with Susquehanna at Selins Grove, Penn., Friday. Gettysburg will then be met at Troy the following Saturday.

The team seldom must go through such strenuous baseball as this in a week's time before the season is over, however. The team is a strong one. If Slater, who wrenched his knee some time ago shows superior form on the trip, the pitching department, with Turner, Slater and Lewis still be well cared for. Mucean and Travis are along as the catchers, Hamilton is to be first baseman, Shelton second baseman, Cook shortstop and Wilbur third base. Capt. Lewis is another of many for the outfield, Costello and Slatter bring the two departments of the team over a pitcher or catcher as the other outfielder. The versatility at his players making that possible.

Judging from performances last week, however, the team is a strong one. If Slater, who wrenched his knee some time ago shows superior form on the trip, the pitching department, with Turner, Slater and Lewis still be well cared for. Mucean and Travis are along as the catchers, Hamilton to be first baseman, Shelton second baseman, Cook shortstop and Wilbur third base. Capt. Lewis is another of many for the outfield, Costello and Slatter bring the two departments of the team over a pitcher or catcher as the other outfielder. The versatility at his players making that possible.

KREPPS WILL FACE RHODE ISLAND NINE

Krepps, Shafer's pitching ace, will be given his first start of the season against Rhode Island State on the Moulton field today. Armstrong was disabled in the game with Holy Cross last week, when Tarby won six straight contests. Leland and Anderson were also bruised up on the trip, but both players are due to perform.

Runs Scored by League Teams for the Week

NATIONAL LEAGUE.
April 15 to 21 Inclusive.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	TOTAL
Boston	*	*	6	0	8	3	17
Brooklyn	5	0	3	*	5	2	15
Chicago	2	0	5	*	*	7	*
Cincinnati	2	0	1	*	4	5	12
New York	2	0	1	*	4	6	13
Philadelphia	2	0	*	4	6	7	19
Pittsburgh	2	0	3	2	0	*	7
St. Louis	1	0	3	2	0	5	11

AMERICAN LEAGUE.
April 15 to 21 Inclusive.

	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	TOTAL
Boston	2	*	5	2	14	7	30
Chicago	2	0	1	3	*	1	7
Cleveland	2	0	1	3	*	1	7
Detroit	2	0	1	3	4	*	10
New York	2	0	1	*	4	2	9
Philadelphia	1	*	*	2	1	1	5
St. Louis	1	0	3	2	0	*	11
Washington	1	*	1	3	1	2	8

*Rains. †Two games.

Racing Results and Entries

HAVRE DE GRACE RESULTS

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; selling; four furlongs.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Mamelle (J. McTaggart)	1	1½	1½	1½	Ambrose	$5.00
Lucky West (McDonald)	2	2½	2½	2½	Lyke	25.00
Lobella (Grider)	3	3½	3½	3½	Lunsford	2.00

Ben Ott, Lamaze, Defender and Doc Meade also ran.

SECOND RACE—Four-year-olds and up; selling; mile and seventy yards.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Dunga Din (Schuttinger)	1	1½	1½	1½	Ambrose	$5.20
Lloyd Mercer (J. McTaggart)	2	2½	2½	2½	Lunsford	3.00
Little Elsie (Grider)	3	3½	3½	3½	Lyke	2.80

Supreme, Sir Ogust, Mordecai and Nadine also ran.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds; selling; six furlongs.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Ennis, Sprague	1	1½	1½	1½	Ambrose	$7.00
Colonel Bowman (Lyke)	2	2½	2½	2½	Lyke	4.50
Time—1.15.						

Sam Short, Ida Claire, O'Sullivan, Hasty Cora, Dr. Nelson, Judge Wingfield.

7—Ueled, Luther, Scorpil.

FOURTH RACE—For fillies; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Four finished. Time—:59 2-5.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Sarilla (Anderson)	1	1½	1½	1½	Anderson	$4.00
Flaming Mist (Schuttinger)						
Dolly Sister (Grider)						
Dolly Sister started.						

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; handicap; selling; one mile and seventy yards.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Gallop (Metcalf)	1	1½	1½	1½	Ambrose	$6.00
Bruce Cunarder (J. McTaggart)	2	2½	2½	2½	Lunsford	2.50
De Lassie (Anderson)	3	3½	3½	3½	Anderson	2.00

Glowing, Dread and Broomedge also ran.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; handicap; selling; one mile and seventy yards.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Piquette (Grider)	1	1½	1½	1½	Grider	$5.00
Trend (Keogh)	2	2½	2½	2½	Keogh	3.00
Billy Oliver (Hall)	3	3½	3½	3½	Hall	12.00

Lady Lee, Edith Olin, Elsie Smith, Gallant Jet, Elsie Bonnes and In and Out also ran.

SEVENTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up; selling; five and one-half furlongs. Three finished.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Preston Lass (Hall)	1	1½	1½	1½	Hall	$6.00
Rosemary (J. McTaggart)	2	2½	2½	2½	Lunsford	8.00
Ida Lee (Lyke)	3	3½	3½	3½	Lyke	2.00

Dakota, Stonedrop, Quick Ada Anne and Sir Dewey also ran.

HAVRE DE GRACE ENTRIES

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; selling; four and one-half furlongs. Monday P. M., the only starters. Mamelle, 107, Ambrose; Lucky West, 107, Cruce; Lobella, 107, Lyke; Ben Ott, 107, Lamaze; Defender, 107, Lunsford; Doc Meade, 107, Hall.

SECOND RACE—Four-year-olds and up; selling; mile and seventy yards. Dunga Din, 112, Schuttinger; Supreme, 110, Ambrose; Little Elsie, 107, Grider; Sir Ogust, 107, Lamaze; Mordecai, 107, Lyke; Nadine, 107, Hall.

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds; selling; six furlongs. Ennis, 107, Sprague; Colonel Bowman, 107, Lyke; Sprague, 107, Lyke; Sam Short, 107, Ambrose; Ida Claire, 107, Lunsford; O'Sullivan, 107, Hall; Hasty Cora, 107, Keogh; Dr. Nelson, 107, Metcalf; Judge Wingfield, 107, Grider; Mamelle, 107, Lyke; Luther, 107, Lamaze; Scorpil, 107, Hall.

FOURTH RACE—For fillies; two-year-olds; five furlongs. Monday P. M., the only starters. Sarilla, 107, Anderson; Flaming Mist, 107, Schuttinger; Dolly Sister, 107, Grider.

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; handicap; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Gallop, 107, Metcalf; Bruce Cunarder, 107, McTaggart; De Lassie, 107, Anderson; Glowing, 107, Lyke; Dread, 107, Lamaze; Broomedge, 107, Hall.

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and up; handicap; selling; one mile and seventy yards. Piquette, 107, Grider; Trend, 107, Keogh; Billy Oliver, 107, Hall; Lady Lee, 107, Lyke; Edith Olin, 107, Lamaze; Elsie Smith, 107, Lunsford; Gallant Jet, 107, Ambrose; Elsie Bonnes, 107, Metcalf; In and Out, 107, Sprague.

SEVENTH RACE—Four-year-olds and up; handicap; selling; five and one-half furlongs. Three finished.

	St.	Fr.	Str.	Fin.	Jockey.	Odds.
Preston Lass (Hall)	1	1½	1½	1½	Hall	$6.00
Rosemary (J. McTaggart)	2	2½	2½	2½	Lunsford	8.00
Ida Lee (Lyke)	3	3½	3½	3½	Lyke	2.00

Dakota, Stonedrop, Quick Ada Anne and Sir Dewey also ran.

"PIE" WAY SLATED TO JOIN M'GRAWS

New York, April 22.—Big Broadway had it today that "Pie" Way, former Yale varsity pitcher, now doing the baseball stunt for the New York Nationals, will report to Manager McGraw of the Giants as soon as he graduates in June.

STRAND CLAIMED BY ROGER BRESNAHAN

Toledo, O., April 22.—Southpaw Paul Strand of the Boston Braves is to join the Mudhens and will succeed to Manager Roger Bresnahan. The Toledo citefitain states he has purchased Strand's release outright from Manager Stallings.

PURPLE'S FIRST GAME.

Williamstown, April 22.—Williams College will have a baseball season today with the game with M. A. C. on Weston field. Young is carded to start.

Today's Selections

HARVE DE GRACE.
BOSTON AMERICAN.

1—Hey Ennis, Doc Meals, My Gird.
2—Little Hugh, Cu Bon, F. A. Stone.
3—Imperator, King Worth, Redland.
4—Flitterguld, J. J. Lillis, Sir Edgar.
5—Shora, Harry Lauder, Saratoga.
6—Dunga Din, Dr. Nelson, Nonesuch.
7—Luther, Scorpil, Good Counsel.

NEW YORK TELEGRAPH.

1—Lucile P., Hey Ennis, Sally Boots.
2—Hand Running, Cu Bon, Jim O.
3—Imperator, King Worth, Vermont.
4—Reverse, Prince Henry, Flitterguld.
5—Shora, Ida Claire, O'Sullivan.
6—Hasty Cora, Dr. Nelson, Judge Wingfield.
7—Ueled, Luther, Scorpil.

FOOD FOR SPORT FANS

By GEORGE E. PHAIR

"I see by the paper," said the village P. M., "where Coach Stagg says the Irish make the best football players. They're natural football players because they're natural fighters."

"Yes," remarked Paddy Corkell, inhaling another inch of his cigar, "the Irish are natural fighters. There was Piper Donovan, the lightweight, he was a good fighter. His father peddled fish on Halstead street and his name was Isidore Waldheim. And there was Micky Murphy—you remember Micky—old Julius Meyer's son that used to drive the 4 o'clock Lynn wagon. And then there was Ironjaw Kelly, that big, strong Irish lad that was born in Naples and raised on spaghetti; and that upstanding young red head, Fackey Mefarso. His father, Ole Olsen by name ran a Swedish baker shop on Wells street. I don't know much about football, but when it comes to the fighting game you have to hand it to the Irish."

We fear there will be jealousy among the Chicago Cubs this year. Steve Yerkes was the first cub to be chased off the field, a privilege which formerly belonged to Heine Zim.

Charlie White declines to meet Matt Wells again, realizing that familiarity breeds contempt.

River Hammer, we read, is boiling over with confidence. In fact he has a boil breaking out on his cheek.

It is difficult to judge one's fellowman. We have been informed that a good many song boosters lead useful lives when not engaged in song boosting.

TRUE STORY.

Once upon a time there was a golfer.

He never grasped you by the arm to tell you about the twenty-foot putt he had made the day before.

Neither did he tell you about the 200-yard drive he made from the first tee, nor of the eleven mashie or brassie or heelit or whatdoyoucallem shot he made to clear the bunker for the seventh hole.

Nor did he try to prove an alibi for the 107 he made when he usually made it in 88.

He was deaf and dumb.

Cavaleskie refused to pitch against his kid brother. Realizing that the kid like was pitching for Cleveland, he didn't want to rub it in.

Francis Oulmet has been declared a professional. He has been found guilty of running a sporting goods store. Evidently the U. S. Golf Association is trying to be as comical as the A. A. U.

The Red Sox walloped Walter Johnson off the slab, but the doctors say they are strong and healthy and will eventually recover from the shock.

Andre Anderson complains that he was injured when Eddie Ehrhardt hit the ropes and struck on his head. Andre deserves a niche in the Hall of Fame. He is the white hope exultant who can be disabled by a bump on the dome.

Even though Andre Anderson takes his injury lightly, he sustained joy and soothed by the knowledge that his manager can get a decision over a heavyweight.

Joel Dillon and Bat Cravinsky are scheduled to meet next week. Neither of them has a match in the meantime, showing that Spring fever has the upper position.

PROFESSIONALISM.

He broke the hammer-throwing record, did Daniel J. Mcwatt.

He thought he was an amateur, but found that he was not.

"You are a pro," they said to him, "so beat it hence, old Top!

One day I was using a hammer in your father's blacksmith shop."

Oswald McGuzzle, the famous war correspondent, lay on a hospital bed smoking as he saw his picture and an editorial on the sporting page of a daily newspaper.

"Is it true, asked a friend sitting at his bedside, "that you use Prince Jesse, The Soothing Tobacco, For Sale at All Reliable Druggists?"

"Sure," he replied, gazing lovingly at the newspaper. "Since after gas-ing the Huns in the fourteenth ad I smoked a pipeful. That is why I am here. Verily, the power of the press is mighty. Imagine where I would be now if they had been advertising cyanide of potassium!"

We refuse to be startled by the report that various persons in New York are reflighting the Willard-Moran conflict. We know several persons of conservative gents who still are fighting the battle of Bull Run.

"TIS UNDOUBTEDLY SPRING.

"'Tis Spring," the West End rooter said while sitting at the Sox,
Who trimmed the Mackmen forty ways and beat them forty blocks.

But when the Senators hit the Sox and tore them limb from wing
"'Tis Spring! By Gosh!" the rooter said,
"it certainly must be Spring!"

Dick King Off to South America

JOEY GILMAN, chosen captain of Harvard's 1916 eleven, but resigned, left today for Bridgeport, Ct., where he is to enter the employ of Warren Brothers. Gilman reports at the line coach at Annapolis in August.

DICK KING, the varsity halfback, is going to South America in the interests of Hinsdale, Stone & Co., the Boston banking house.

TIME trials for the medley relays in the Penn games next Friday and Saturday will be run early in the week. The Crimson contingent will be quartered in Philadelphia at the Adelphia, instead of the Aldine, as heretofore.

"CRABBING" from the bench has been cut out by the national league games. This is a new feature in Harvard baseball and is sure to meet with disapproval.

M. P. S. C. HANDICAP RUN

The Murray Park Social Club announces a ten-mile handicap road run, Saturday, May 6. All entries must be received by Thursday, May 4. Address all communications to Jas. Seattle, No. 414 Sumner street.

RED SOX AFTER GAME

Carrigans, Peeved Over Loss to Athletics, Want Revenge; Bill Praises Myers.

PHILADELPHIA, April 22.—Just the least bit peeved as a result of their defeat at the hands of the lowly Macks, the clan of Carrigan arose this morning bent on securing sweet revenge. Not that they wouldn't like to see the Athletics win a game or two. They wouldn't care if the A's won regularly, but not from them.

Manager Carrigan was loud in his praise of the sort of ball Myers hurled against his champs in yesterday's soiree. He thinks the tall youngster has the makings of a wonderful pitcher. That fact has long since been established, for didn't Myers hurl a one-hit game against the Senators at the far end of last season.

Chances are strong today that Carrigan will send Ernie Shore after the contest, and unless our wise old friend Connie Mack crosses us up entirely, it looks as though he would shoot the elongated Mr. Sheehan after the game. Sheehan hasn't been called upon to do much work of late and is in perfect condition to go against the World's Champions.

Manager Carrigan isn't overpleased at the way his boys have been hitting the ball since their arrival here. He thinks they should have done better against Myers yesterday, and before the game this afternoon there's going to be plenty of hitting practice. The Sox are after that flag once more and Carrigan doesn't intend to lose any ball games that he thinks should surely be his.

HARVARD ON WITH COLUMBIA IN FINAL

HARVARD.		COLUMBIA.	
Coolidge, c. f.		Watt, 2b.	
Nash, lb.		Laird, ss.	
Knowles, l. f.		Nomoguetz, s. s.	
Crimmins, ss.		Mormorstein, lb.	
Abbot, 2b.		Beck, lb.	
Perry, c.		Hauck, 3b.	
Tripp, 3b.		Benson, l. f.	
Reed, s. s.		Read, s. f.	
Whitney, Marks, p.		Haskins, r. f.	

New York, April 22.—Harvard and Columbia's smart ball nine in Columbia here this afternoon, the Morningside Heights boys within the seven innings defeated Yale, Dartmouth, Colgate and Manhattan by one-sided scores.

Harvard had a snap with Johns Hopkins, in Baltimore, yesterday, a score of 12-3. Harrison and Reed's nine hits nicely scattered, while everybody but Nash and Knowles respected his pill most terribly. Reed got a homer and Coolidge and Abbot each three clean ones.

S. H. CAPTAIN SET DOWN.

Captain John S. Angelo of the Southern Highs baseball team has been set by the faculty and will not be able to play in today's game with Everett High.

Amusements.

COLONIAL TONIGHT AT 8. Last Mat. Today
Last 2 Times
"WATCH YOUR STEP"
MRS. VERNON CASTLE | with | FRANK TINNEY
BERNARD GRANVILLE
BRICE and KING, HARRY KELLY, HARRY ELLIS, and Nearly 100 Others

Klaw & Erlanger and George C. Tyler beg to announce that owing to the enormous success at the Hollis St. Theatre, Mr. Charles B. Dillingham has been prevailed upon to make a big attraction, "Watch Your Step," in order to have

ONE MORE WEEK
Of the Brief Boston Engagement of the Distinguished Actor
GEORGE ARLISS
In EDWARD KNOBLAUCH'S ROMANTIC COMEDY,
PAGANINI
MOVING MONDAY to the
COLONIAL
EVENINGS AT 8:10
MATS. WED. AND SAT. AT 2:00
Chas. Frohman & William Harris, Lessees & Mgrs.

PLYMOUTH Phone Ox. 2925 Evs. 8:15 Thurs. & Sat. 2:15
A Feast of Song and Laughter
MAY IRWIN
MAT. TODAY AT 2:15
In "33 WASHINGTON SQUARE"

CONDIT'S
BALLROOM, Revere Beach
MODERN DANCING EVERY EVENING
Open Contest Tuesday. Prize $15.00

JORDAN HALL
Today (Saturday) at 3.
JOSEF MARTIN, Pianist.
Mason & Hamlin Piano

LOEW'S GLOBE
VAUDEVILLE & PHOTO PLAYS
ALL STAR SHOW—BIG FEATURES

Amusements.

BRAVES FIELD
"The Home of Big Things"
Next Week's
BASEBALL
BROOKLYN
Monday
NEW YORK
Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday
PHILADELPHIA
Saturday
Seats now on sale at Wm. Read & Sons', Inc., 361 Washington St. Phone Tort Hill 3179.

B. F. KEITH'S
THE AMUSEMENT CENTRE OF BOSTON
MARION MORGAN'S CLASSIC ART DANCERS
GREEK ROMAN ARABIAN EGYPTIAN DANCES
FIRST TIME HERE
McINTYRE and HEATH
And Co. in the
HAT SALESMAN
JASPER
THE DOG ACTOR
NELSON WARING
ANNA CHANDLER
Hamilton Revelle & Marguerite Snow in "THE HALF-MILLION BRIBE"
Five Surrounding Vaudeville Acts.
Next Week—ETHEL BARRYMORE
First Time Here in "The Kiss of Fate."

NANTASKET BEACH
STEAMBOAT COMPANY
Service Every Day Until November 1.
Leave Rose's Wharf, week days, A. M. 7:25, 10:15; P. M. 2:15, 5:15, 6:45; Sundays, A. M. 10:15; P. M. 2:15, 5:15. Additional trips May 30.

MODERN
Wm. Fox & Paramount First Run Features.
Double Bill All Week
VIVIAN MARTIN in "A Modern Thelma"
CLEO RIDGELY in "The Love Mask"

GAIETY
Wash. St., near Boylston
Daily 2:15 and 8 P. M.
MAIDS OF AMERICA

HOWARD
Tip Top Girls Burlesque, Edmund Hayes & Co. Always something doing. 1 cent to 1 Concert every Sunday night.

Amusements.

SHUBERT TONIGHT at 8:15
MATS. WED., FRI. & SAT. AT 2
Eve. and Sat. Mat. Prices 50c to $2.00
MATINEE TODAY
Enjoyed by the children and matinee girls as well as by a typical Winter Garden audience.
The Greatest Winter Garden Show
A World of Pleasure
WITH A CAST OF 125
Including
CLIFTON CRAWFORD, CONROY & LEMAIRE,
Collins and Harling, Vesta Tilley, Margaret Edwards, Geoff. Franklin Hale, McMahon, Diamond & Chapbow, Rosie Quinn.

PARK SQ. Evs. 8:15 MARGARET ILLINGTON Mats. Wed., Sat. 2:15 LAST DAY
THE LIE By HENRY ARTHUR JONES
NEXT MON. —SEATS NOW
Victor Herbert's Supreme Triumph
PRINCESS PAT
Captivating—Tuneful—Refreshing
N. Y. Cast of Principals, Chorus and Orchestra.
The Musical Sensation of the Year.

LAST TWO TIMES HOLLIS Mat. 2:15 TODAY Night 8:15
GEORGE ARLISS
In EDWARD KNOBLAUCH'S ROMANTIC COMEDY,
PAGANINI
NEXT MON. EVE'G TWO WEEKS SEATS NOW
Charles Frohman presents
MAUDE ADAMS
In NIGHTS AND WED. AND SAT. MATS.
In Sir James M. Barrie's Delightful Comedy, the
LITTLE MINISTER
Special Matinee Wed. Feb. 23 Peter Pan
Mats.—TUES. MAY 2

Castle Sq. Daily at 2:10 and 8:10
Tel. Ox. 5300
Last 2 Performances of
ROSEDALE
Branch Ticket Office, 15 Winter Street
Next Week: SHAKSPEARE FESTIVAL

FRANKLIN PARK THEATRE
famous Singer in "The Blindness of Love." Vaudeville, Sidney Drew Comedy. News Weekly.

Amusements.

MAJESTIC LAST TIMES
TONIGHT AT 8:15
MAT. TODAY at 2:15
HODGE
In His Greatest Success
FIXING SISTER
Next Week Only—Seats Now
THE GREAT FIVE-STAR CAST
★ WM. H. CRANE
★ THOMAS W. ROSS
★ MACLYN ARBUCKLE
★ AMELIA BINGHAM
★ EDITH TALIAFERRO
Supported by an Excellent Company in
THE NEW HENRIETTA
OPENING NIGHT PERFORMANCE
Direction
FRANK M. McGRATH
Business Manager Majestic—Seats Now

YeWILBUR Tonight at 8:15
TODAY AT 2:15 Last 2 Times
HOBSON'S CHOICE
Next Week—Seats NOW
America's Foremost Character Actor
Mr. LOUIS MANN
In His Greatest Achievement
THE BUBBLE

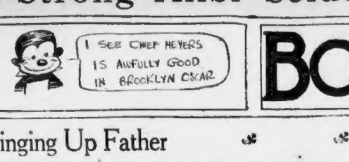
ORPHEUM
GEO. PRIMROSE
7—OTHER STAR ACTS—7
EDNA WALLACE HOPPER
In "Fly Whose Hand?"
Mats. 10, 15c. Mats. 10, 15, 25c
Evs., Sat. Mats., 15, 25, 35c
Next Week—ALL STAR BILL

BOSTON OPERA HOUSE
METROPOLITAN OPERA CO. OF N.Y.
Tonight at 8. (Last Performance). AIDA. Rappold, Homer; Martinelli, Amato, Scotti, Rossi, Cos, Bavagnoli.
Tickets at B. O. Boxes, $25. Box Office and Steinert's, Dir. C. A. Ellis.
HARDMAN PIANO USED.

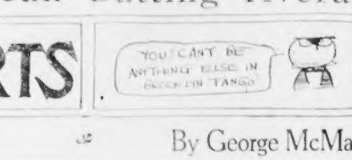
LOEW'S ST. JAMES
Refined Vaudeville
Photo Plays
A Program of Unsurpassed Quality

WALDRON'S CASINO
Phone Marmarket 2100
GYPSY MAIDS BURLESQUERS

A Strong Alibi Seldom Makes Up for a Ball Player's Weak Batting Average



BOSTON AMERICAN SPORTS



Bringing Up Father — By George McManus

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Foss Vault Favorite at Penn Relay Games

Philadelphia, April 22.—Foss of Cornell has been vaulting in surprising form for so early in the season and is sure to put up a great performance at the Penn Relay Carnival, Friday and Saturday of next week. Ten days ago in practice Foss cleared 12 feet 6 inches, and he made a very good attempt at 13 feet. Coach Moakley thinks that he is quite capable, under good conditions, of making new figures. Before going to Cornell, Foss did the surprising feat—for a schoolboy—of 12 feet 6 inches, and he is due to improve under such expert teaching as Moakley will give him.

Last year Foss and Newstetter of Pennsylvania tied in this event at 12 feet 10 inches. Newstetter will be in the event again, but a painful strain to his leg has kept him from training for 12 past ten days, and Coach Orton does not expect him to be in the best of shape in time for the relay carnival. However, Cals of Illinois; Curtis of Syracuse; Haydock of Harvard; Carey of Princeton; Buck and Nagle of Yale; Fuller of Chicago; Sewell of Pennsylvania and several other good vaulters, will see to it that Foss goes very high to win. Curtis and Culp have both beaten 12 feet the past week in practice, and their coaches feel that they are quite likely to win the event.

PENN IN FIELD EVENTS.

Pennsylvania will be better represented in the field events than for many years. Crane and Thibault, both of whom have done five feet, eleven inches, and Hampton, with a like record, will compete in the high jump. Jones, Bertolet and Bucholz, all of whom are likely to do twenty-two feet or better in the broad jump, will be in that event. Derizax will be in the shot-put and Matthews in the hammer, and both of them should do well. Sewell and Newstetter with marks better than twelve feet will be in the pole vault.

Coach Orton has his men pretty well lined up now. Meredith, Lockwood, Kaufman, Dorsey, Lennon and Pope will be put into the trials for the one-mile team. These trials will be held on Saturday and they should prove very interesting. The candidates for the two-mile team are Scudder, Norris, Sigmund, Zutter, Horry and Peirce. The latter has had an injured spine, but it is now responding to treatment and he is looking better every day. Scudder is the best of the above men and he will probably run one-half on the two-mile team. Dorsey and Pope do not make the one-mile team, they will also be available for this team, and Penn would then have a very creditable quartette for this event. In secondary years, they would be quite fast enough to win, but this season Cornell, Michigan and Yale all have teams that should better the new record made by Princeton last year.

MILE EVENT ATTRACTIVE.

In fact, though the one-mile championship has taken the fancy of the public because of the presence in it of all the fastest quarter-milers in both the Eastern and Western colleges, this two-mile race should prove just as thrilling and interesting a race. Here the three colleges above fighting for the lead, and Penn ready should they falter, to come through and do the unexpected.

Penn's four-mile relay team will not be up to the standard. Humphreys, De Korn, Colton and either Peirce or Berry will probably compose this team. They are an average quartet and will give a good account of themselves against any of the teams except Cornell. The latter team features that should better the new record made by Princeton last year.

MILE EVENT ATTRACTIVE.

Despite from Yale

Those Who Bring Sunshine to the Lives of Others Cannot Keep It from Themselves. They Are the Real Benefactors of Mankind

The American's Magazine and Fiction Page

Why I Never Married

No 6.—The Woman with Too Much Money Tells the Story of Her Failure.

WHY do so many women who are attractive, intelligent, full of human affection and tenderness—the sort of women who were designed by nature to make ideal wives and mothers—never marry?

Is it because they were beat on celibacy? Or is it because men were too stupid to know a good thing when they saw it, and so passed them over? Or is it the fault of social conditions that never gave them their matrimonial chance?

It is one of life's great puzzles, and in an attempt to solve it, Dorothy Dix has asked a number of charming old maids why they never married.

"THE reason I am an old maid," said the sixth woman, "is because I was too rich. I had money enough to buy everything else in the world except the one thing that I wanted most of all, and that was the gift of a wedding ring that I desired.

"I wanted it to be made of the purest gold of undefiled love, and set with the jewel of a real genuine man, and I didn't want to buy it. I wanted it to come as a gift, and it was never offered me.

"Did you ever think that so many women in the world have such poor chances to make good marriages as rich girls? Of course, they have chances to marry, by the dozen, the miserable little male parasites who think that it's easier to put up with a rich wife than it is to work for a living.

"And they can marry in their own wealthy set some rich fool, who has lived abroad long enough to get an idea about keeping fortunes together and building up a moneyed aristocracy in this country. And that's about the limit of their matrimonial opportunity.

"Now, it must be an unpleasant thing to a man to suspicion that he is being married for his money, and that his bride is thinking more about his pocketbook that about his heart, but custom has lined men to the dependent woman, and, moreover, men have a more robust vanity in matters of the affection than women have.

"A man seldom doubts his ability to charm any woman he desires, while a woman is always a doubting Thomasina, continually demanding to be told that a man still loves her.

A THING TO AVOID

"Therefore, the fortune hunting man is not only a creature of peculiar repulsiveness to the rich woman, but one she is continually seeking to avoid. It is only when rich women get very old, or so hungry for love that they shut their eyes and refuse to see whether what is offered to them is black bread or cake, that they cease to look with suspicion upon the motives of every poor man who comes near them.

"Of course, the rich woman's fear of being married for her money is a two-edged sword, which cuts both ways. It defends her from the horde of contemptible men who are willing to marry to be supported, but it also drives away from her the worth-while men among whom she might find her real mate.

"It makes the young man who has self-respect, and character, and energy, and ability, and who would no more marry a woman for her money than he would default with a trust fund in his keeping, fight shy of an heiress as he would of a case of smallpox.

"The girl herself may attract him, for rich girls are just as pretty and charming, and human, and lovable, as poor girls, but her money stands as a barrier between her and the world of young men who are doing things—the young men who have brains and brawn, and who are fighting their way to the front by sheer strength of their own ability.

"This is the kind of a man a rich girl would like to marry. But she never gets a chance. She never even meets him. He is not hopping around the country club dances. He is at work.

"He only the little whipper-snapper misses, the dudes and spendthrifts, that form the men of her world, among whom she has to marry.

THE REASON WHY.

"And these worth-while young men, who are making something of themselves, and are going to be the men of tomorrow, don't want to marry rich girls. They are as sensitive of their honor as a woman is of hers, and they writhe at the very thought that they would sell themselves in marriage, or that they are dependent upon their wives, or owe their success to being bolstered up by a wife's bankroll.

"They are just as afraid of being called fortune hunters as the rich girl is of being sought by a fortune hunter, and that's why rich girls so often marry men that poor girls wouldn't look at. The rich girl has not the poor girl's chance of a husband.

"And as for gilded Willie, whose father has bequeathed him everything on earth but brains and morals, why should a rich girl marry him? The poor girl might marry him for the sake of the jewels, the fine clothes, the town and country houses he can give her. The rich girl has all of these of her own, she doesn't want any more.

"And she has seen so much of the shallowness in the closets of her wealthy friends, the lonely and deserted wives, the boredom of couples that have no interest in common except the stock market, the scandals that servants whisper behind their hands.

"The rich girl knows that a heart can break under diamonds and point lace just as much as it can under homespun, and that the tears that are shed into embroidered linen and lace pillows are just as bitter as those that wet cotton ones, and so she does not want to marry for anything but the simple old reason of love. She wants somebody who will love her for herself alone, for the woman she is, and not the bank account she has got, and she wants a real man for her husband, a man of intelligence and force, and principle, and honesty, not a gold-plated fool or a parasitic fortune hunter. And it's because she has the poorest chance of any woman of every finding a good husband that wealthy girls so often don't marry at all, or marry so badly.

"That's the reason I never married. I wouldn't have any of the men that I could get, and the sort of a man I should like to have married, I never had a chance to get."

Easter

Christ Is Risen

By NELL BRINKLEY

Copyright, 1916, by International News Service.

"Then were the Disciples glad, when they saw the Lord"

Their Married Life

Helen Gives Anne Some Advice About the World's Opinion on Appearances

Copyright, 1916, by International News Service.

"HELEN, I'm going to be married," and Anne settled back in her chair to see just how much effect her news would produce.

"You are, really?" said Helen, looking at Anne's radiant face a little wistfully. "Well, my dear, you look it."

"What do you mean, Helen?"

"Why you look so absolutely ecstatic. Is that the way you really feel?"

"Yes, I'm afraid I do. Isn't that the way one generally feels?"

"That's the way one ought to feel anyway, dear. Now do tell me all about it."

Helen looked across at Anne as she spoke. Anne Redding was in her opinion the very incarnation of twentieth century romance. Anne was in reality an independent woman. She earned her own living, and yet there was an air of utter unsophistication about her that was charming.

Her engagement to Jack Parmelee was what Helen had designated as an ideal marriage. Here were none of the more sordid elements that so often entered into the marriage relationship. Here was the perfect partnership founded on mutual likes and dislikes.

There was something reticent about Anne that prevented even the most curious from questioning her, and although Jack freely admitted his feeling, there was an unplumbed depth about him that one could not hope to fathom.

"Well?" Anne proceeded with a little flushed air of importance that was fascinating, "you see I am really in love with Jack, and he wants me to marry soon. I have found a million reasons why I couldn't possibly think of it in the past, but now that I have received my commission, there is really no real reason why we shouldn't marry. And Helen, I am so happy about it."

"Of course you are; and when is the happy day to be?"

"In the Fall."

TO WORK TOGETHER

"And are you planning all kinds of thrilling things for you and Jack to do?"

"I don't know about that. I am going home for the entire Summer, and mother is going to help me to get ready. Then in the Fall, about the last of September, Jack and I can be married very quietly and go on with our work together."

"You have decided to go on with your work?"

"Of course, Helen, I never thought of anything else. Why, I shouldn't be happy a day otherwise."

Helen smiled. "Anne, you don't know how glad I am for you. And what does Frances say? Is she sorry to lose you?"

"Yes, but I don't think that Frances feels very deeply for anyone. She will miss me a little and then she will probably be glad that I am gone. I know that I do lots of things she doesn't approve of."

"It would be sure to be that way, Anne, with two people so near alike as you and Frances."

"But I don't think we are at all alike."

"You are in the great essentials, you are both temperamental."

"Only that Frances is much more so than I am."

"Well, perhaps, but nevertheless I'm glad you are going to marry Jack. I think he needs someone to take care of him."

Anne was silent a moment and looked at Helen out of her big eyes for a few moments without speaking. Then she said suddenly:

"Helen, are you very conventional?"

Helen was surprised, but not for a moment would she have dreamed of allowing Anne to suspect such a thing, particularly when she saw that Anne was perfectly serious.

"Well, dear, most people think I am, but I have a suspicion that I really am not at all."

"I wanted to ask your advice about something, and I wondered if you would understand."

"Try me and see."

"Well, Jack and I have been working at his place of late. We are doing some work together, and I have been there at night sometimes."

"Well?" said Helen expectantly.

"Nothing, only we just work and never think of it as being unconventional. Jack is such a dear that way."

"You mean that you want my advice?"

THE WORLD IS ALWAYS HERE

Anna hesitated. "Well, yes, in a way," she said finally. "I really wanted to see just how you felt about it."

"I really think that for you and Jack it's all right," said Helen decidedly. "But it is not the thing to do as far as the speech of people goes."

"But I don't care what people say as long as I really know."

"I know you don't, Anne, but we are living in a world where the speech of people has a great deal to do with our lives and ourselves. I know that you are doing this unconventional thing innocently and without thinking of what people will say. But it just can't be reckoned that way in this city. We are judged by what we seem to do rather than by what we do. It's hard, dear, but we really must be careful."

"You mean that you really think I am doing wrong?"

Again Helen hesitated. She personally did not think it at all wrong for Anne and Jack to work together, but she hardly knew just what to advise the girl.

"Does your mother know that you do it?" she said finally. You see, dear, as long as you have asked me about it, I want to tell you what I really think."

"Just say yes or no," said Anne a little wistfully.

"All right. Personally, I don't think that for you and Jack it is a bit out of the way. But in case an outsider should find out about it they make unkind comments, I shall say that I don't think you ought to do it."

"That's what my mother said," Anne confessed frankly. "And I suppose you are both right. But I don't see that when I haven't a wrong thought in my heart and Jack hasn't either, why I should not go ahead and do as I think I want to do. It's a hard world if every one is to be judged by the same standards of right and wrong."

And Helen silently agreed with her.

Another incident of this fascinating series will appear here soon.

What Soldiers Eat

How European Nations Feed Their Troops

THE principal meal of the Russian peasant soldier consists of "stchee," a sort of cross between a gruel and a soup, the chief ingredients of which are cabbages, potatoes, oatmeal, and fat meat—preferably pork. These are all boiled together with salt and other seasoning, the resultant mess being a thick, nourishing, and by no means unpalatable dish.

This constitutes his usual midday meal, and it is repeated in the evening for supper. For breakfast he takes, when he can get it, a big bowl of "kasha"—dry buckwheat and cold sour milk.

The staple diet of the "Turcos"—the French-Algerian colored troops who are fighting in Alsace—is "cous-cous," which is merely boiled semolina, the coarsely ground milky products of wheat. It is eaten either plain, or with the addition of vegetables, and very occasionally a little mutton or goat-flesh may be added; but the semolina is the mainstay. On this a Turco will march forty or more miles a day, carrying a weight of from eighty to one hundred pounds more than is borne by any other soldier anywhere.

Italian soldiers are also splendid marchers, and they, too, exist largely on a farinaceous diet, macaroni, spaghetti, and so on. They are also very partial to fruit, which is issued, together with wine and cigars, as part of their regular rations whenever possible.

No German considers his daily menu complete without a sausage of some kind or other, and the "thicker" it is as regards flavor the better he likes it.

The mainstay of the French soldier consists of his beloved "soup," as he calls it, but which is really a thick, nourishing stew, made from meat, potatoes, and various other vegetables.

Just Ideal!

It is the privilege of the British soldier to "grouse," and he is ably assisted by his fellow-fighters in the Marines.

Two of the latter were recently bewailing their hard lot, and saying who they would be if they could choose.

"I'd be the chaplain," said one curiously.

"Why?" asked the other.

"Because then all I'd got to work to do and all day to do it in," was the reply.

The second marine snorted contemptuously.

"I'd rather be the captain of the Marines."

"Would you? Wotfor?"

"Well, the chaplain, as you say, ain't got nothing to do and all day to do it in; but the captain of Marines, he ain't got nothing to do and all day to do it in, and a lieutenant to help him do it!"

Advice to the Lovelorn

IT WILL NEVER BE RIGHT

DEAR MISS FAIRFAX:

"A" says it is improper for two girls unescorted to attend a dance and in the event of their becoming acquainted with two men to drink with them. "B" contends that while things may have been different a while ago, today we are becoming more broad minded and it is now coming to a point where it is looked upon as proper.

ANXIOUS.

"A" is right. A great many things are done today and excused by just such argument as "B" advances. Nor nothing can make it the safe or sane thing for two girls to go about in the evening alone and to accept the resort of chance acquaintances and then drink with them. Such step is a dangerous one—but to drink with strangers is to risk all a girl holds most dear. Do you know this verse of James Russell's Lowell's?

"In vain we call old notions fudge,
And bend our conscience to our dealing—
The Ten Commandments will not budge,
And stealing still continues stealing."

I think that covers the case—don't you?

AT EASTER

BY JANE MLEAN

GOD leaned across the firmament and cast a watchful eye
Over the fretful world beneath where men and women die,
And even as He watched, a stream of souls passed swiftly by.

It was a time of deathless calm, a void of starless black;
It was a time of waiting for a soul to wander back
And for the light of countless stars, God did not feel the lack.

And even as he watched there came on high a deafening roar,
A thousand angels pushed aside the clouds from Heaven's door;
A blinding flash, then all was dark and silent as before.

But on the earth the glorious soul of day was born anew
Beneath a quiet sky with bits of Heaven shining through,
And everywhere a thorn had pressed, an Easter lily grew.

Do You Know That—

When a Serbian wants to say "Yes" he shakes his head, and when he means "No" he nods.

Rapid speakers pronounce from 7,000 to 7,500 words an hour, or about two words a second.

Knives were formerly part of a bride's accoutrement, and were worn sheathed at the girdle.

In European churches notices may be seen requesting women to keep on their hats.

In England it was formerly the custom to throw wheat over the bride and not rice.

What appears to be a horse's foot is, in reality, its middle toe very much enlarged.

An Italian proverb says: "On Friday neither marry nor set out on a journey."

Tabloid Tales

IS it true, Mother Dear, that all men are liars?

From a woman's viewpoint, Child, every man is a liar, except the one who at that moment is deceiving her.

What, Mother, is meant by the feminist movement?

It is an uprising of the feminine sex, Daughter, which has for its goal the day when no woman will have to ask a man for money.

After a woman has ceased to love her husband, Mother, has she anything to hope for?

Yes, Little One; that she will outlive him.

What, Mother, is a bread pill?

It is a name formerly given to a harmless medicine, but that nowadays is more appropriately applied to the sandwiches served at women's tea, which are so small they look like bread pills ironed out.

What, Mother, caused Mr Jinks to choke to death?

The doctor, My Child, said he got a bone in his throat, but this is not true. He choked to death trying to gulp down the misstatements his wife made to the guests at the table.

Chase & Sanborn's
TEAS
in Canisters

Chosen by our own experts from the choicest growths of the world's best tea-gardens.

Guarded with the utmost care at every step of importation.

Blended most skillfully to bring out their finest flavor.

Packed in sealed, air-tight canisters so that *all* their goodness is preserved for you.

Chase & Sanborn
Importers

Krazy Kat

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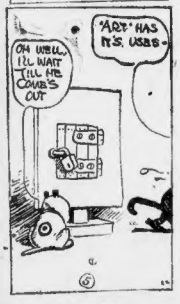

Kabibble Kabaret

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DEAR MR. KABIBBLE, TWO MEN WANT TO MARRY ME. THE POOR ONE WANTS TO MARRY ME AT ONCE AND THE MILLIONAIRE WANTS ME TO WAIT A YEAR— WHAT SHALL I DO?
XXXX
WAIT FOR THE MILLIONAIRE, BUT SEE IF YOU CAN'T GET SOME MONEY IN ADVANCE.
XXXX

BARON BEAN

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The Duck Went In and Out

ABIE THE AGENT

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Abe Heard Too Much

JERRY ON THE JOB

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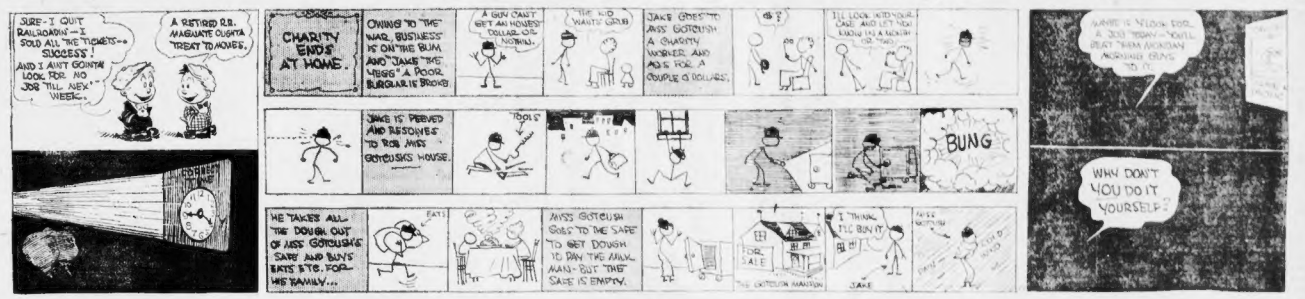
Jerry Goes to the Movies for a Change



POLLY AND HER PALS

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And the Baby Did

US BOYS

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

Skinny Has a Rival

GOAT-GRABBERS

ANN NUISANCE THE DAME IN THE DENTIST'S OFFICE WHO SMILES EVERY TIME THE DENTIST MAKES YOU JUMP

FROM MAY HEALY, BORO PARK

WELL KNOWN SAYINGS ILLUSTRATED BY Shumer Shamer

Answer to Yesterdays

WHY DOES A BOY BABY ALWAYS RECIEVE A HEARTY WELCOME? BECAUSE HE IS NEVERANISS

AND THERE YOU ARE!

Yankeeisms!

FROM MARIE FENSKY U.S.A.

WHY IS THE LOWER PART OF A MANS FACE SHAVED IN JANUARY LIKE A CELEBRATED FUR?

ANSWER MONDAY

BEST HELP LOOK FOR POSITIONS IN AMERICAN WANT ADS---CALL MAIN 5180

STOCKS AND INVESTMENTS

By W. H. ROSS, Financial Editor

Stocks were very weak at the close in Boston and New York, the selling movement which began soon after the opening having no limit. There was a big volume of business in New York for a week-end session, and opposition in some cur commitments with the international situation as the reason for the heavy selling movement during the morning there was brief period in which demand for stocks was sufficient to cause an advance for some issues, but it did not last long. Offerings increased and weakness was accentuated. Mexican issues were affected by the report that the Carranza government had declared foreign franchises forfeited. Many transactions for the day were in lots of 100 shares. At times there was considerable excitement on the Exchange floor, the close probably being the weakest for the day, or near that level.

The New York bank statement showed that surplus reserve, actual condition of clearing house members decreased $2,826,210 to $49,503,440, while the aggregate condition decrease was $2,106,540 to $1,182,791,290.

Closing declines in stock prices included Amalgamated 4¼, Chino 1½, Copper Range 1¼, Mexican Petroleum 3½, Tennessee Copper 1¾, Utah Copper 1¼, Utah Consolidated 4¼, Chino 1½, Steel Foundry 1¼, Industrial Alcohol 2¾, Westinghouse 2¾, Baltimore & Ohio 1¾, Canadian Pacific 1¾, Chesapeake & Ohio ¾, Erie 1¾, N. Y. Central ¾, New Haven 1¾, Northern Pacific ¾, Reading ½, Southern Pacific 1, St. Paul 1¼, Rock Island 1¼, and Union Pacific 1¾. Studebaker had sold as low as 80 and closed at 80½.

The Boston market, like the big one, became active only when the day's trading was on the largest scale during the last half hour. On any big movement its prices are sensitive to increased sentiment in speculative circles when gloomy.

Closing declines here included Ahmeek 2, Allouez 1, Calumet & Arizona 2, Copper Range 1, Hancock 1, Cananea 3¼, Isle Royale 5, Lake 1¼, Mohawk 1¼, North Butte 1¼, Quincy 4, Trinity 2, Osceola 1, Quincy 4, Mary 2, Tamarack 1¾, Wolverine 1, United Shoe 3¼, U. S. Smelting 1¼, United Fruit 2¾, New Haven 1¼, Butte & Superior 1¾, American Zinc 2¾, Atlantic Gulf 1¼, Lake 1¼, preferred 1¾, Woolen preferred ½ and Alaska Gold ½.

PRICES SOON WEAKENED.

Stocks were irregular but inclined towards weakness in New York at the opening, few buying orders accumulating over the holiday. A number of promising issues were off a point at the start. There was a great deal of hesitation at the opening and uncertainty was the dominant phase of the session. Within fifteen minutes bears took charge and sold the market off.

No response came in the way of increased demand. Prices began to yield. Among issues to weaken most in early trading were Studebaker, Industrial Alcohol, Baldwin, Willys-Overland, Crucible Steel, Mexican Petroleum and Republic Iron & Steel, declined one to four points, the latter being the recession of Willys-Overland. The tinge of weakness in trading circles was as to what the answer of the German note to Wilson's ultimatum will be like. It cannot be forecasted. There is much fear as to any rupture with Mexico to develop south of the Mexican border.

U. S. Steel opened with a gain of ¾, but soon moved to a point under final loss. It was fairly active, but most of the early buying was in war industrials and American issues. Steel directors will act on the dividend question on Tuesday next. Indications of the corporation's earnings for the first 100 days of the Taft-Farrell régime fell to $6,000,000. At the opening trading was of moderate volume but the market became dull on the closing.

The Boston market was quiet and rather weak. Opening with U. S. Smelting the most active issue. It declined ¾, but rallied to within ¼ unchanged and others were weak. Metal prices are as firm as ever if not firmer.

On the New York Metal Exchange spelter was quiet, April 18¾, May 18¾, June 18¾, July 18¾, Aug. 18¾, Sept. 18¾, and 17c. Copper was strong, July 29¼ and Aug. 29¼. Augusta September to December 28¾.

BOSTON STOCKS

	Thursday's Close	Today's Opening	High	Low	Close
Adventure	4¾	4¾			
Ahmeek	100	98			
Alaska	5¾	5¾			
Allouez	39	38			
Am Zinc	27¾	27¾			
Arcadian	9¾	9¾			
Arizona Com	11¾	11¾			
Butte Coalition	19¾	19¾			
Calumet & Ariz	70	68			
Calumet & Hecla	450	450			
Centennial	23	23			
Copper Range	58¾	58¾			
Daly-West	25	25			
E. Butte Copper	7¾	7¾			
East Butte	11¾	11¾			
Franklin	9¾	9¾			
Granby	60	60			
Greene-Can	46	45¾			
Hancock	14¾	14¾			
Indiana Mining	3¾	3¾			
Isle Royale	27¾	26¾			
Keweenaw	2¾	2¾			
Lake	15¾	15¾			
Mason Valley	5¾	5¾			
Mass. Consol	12¾	12¾			
Mass. Gas	81¼	81¼			
Michigan	3¾	3¾			
Mohawk	56¾	56¾			
New Haven	61¼	61¼			
New Idria	4¾	4¾			
Nipissing	7¾	7¾			
North Butte	24¾	24¾			
North Lake	4¾	4¾			
Old Colony	170	170			
Old Dominion	68	67¾			
Osceola	70	69			
Quincy	66	65¾			
Ray Con	19¾	19¾			
Shannon	8¾	8¾			
South Lake	3¾	3¾			
Stp. & Boston	3¾	3¾			
Tamarack	43¾	43¾			
Trinity	17¾	17¾			
Tu. Fruit	146¾	146	144		
U. Shoe	66	66			
U. S. Smelt	63¾	63¾	66	64	
Utah Metals	5¾	5¾			
Utah Con	9¾	9¾			
Utah Copper	72¾	72¾			
Victoria	3¾	3¾			
Wolverine	55	55			

NEW YORK STOCKS

	Thursday's Close	Today's Opening	High	Low	Close
Alaska	5¾	5¾			
Allis-Chalm	25¾	25¾			
Am. Ag. Chem	45¾	45¾			
Am. Beet Sug	62¾	62¾			
Am. Can	56¾	56¾			
Am. Car & Fdy	68¾	68¾			
Am. C. Prod	145¾	145¾	141¾	141¾	
Am. Ice	28¾	28¾	28¾	28¾	
Am. Linseed	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾	
Am. Smelting	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	
Am. St. Foods	48¾	48¾	44¾	44¾	
Am. Sugar	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	
Am. T. & T.	127¾	128	127¾	127¾	
Am. Woolen	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	
Am. Zinc	27¾	27¾	27¾	27¾	
Anaconda	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾	
At. G. & W. I.	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾	
Atlantic Gulf	95¾	95¾	95¾	95¾	
Baldwin Loco	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	
Balt. & Ohio	84¾	84¾	84¾	84¾	
Beth. Steel	427¾	429	426¾	427¾	
Butte Sup	19¾	19¾			
Cal. Petrol	22¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	
Can. Pacific	165¾	165¾	163¾	163¾	
Cent. Leather	59¾	59¾	59¾	59¾	
Chi. & N. W.	93¾	93¾	93¾	93¾	
Chi. & R. I.	92¾	92¾	92¾	92¾	
Chile	21¾	21¾	20¾	20¾	
Chic & N West	140¾	140¾	140¾	140¾	
Chino	52¾	52¾	51¾	51¾	
Col. Fuel	49¾	49¾	48¾	48¾	
Cons. Gas	132¾	132¾	131¾	131¾	
Cont. Can	52¾	53¾	52¾	53¾	
Corn Products	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	
Crucible Steel	82¾	82¾	79¾	79¾	
Dis. Securities	44¾	44¾	42¾	42¾	
Erie	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	
Erie 1st pf	49¾	49¾	48¾	48¾	
Greene-Can	45¾	45¾			
Gen. Electric	163	162	159	159	
Gen. Motors	120	119	119	119	
Goodrich	44¾	44¾	44¾	44¾	
Gt. Norern pf	119	118¾	118¾	118¾	
Ill. Central	106¾	106¾	106¾	106¾	
Int. Harvester	118¾	118¾	118¾	118¾	
Int. Nickel	36¾	36¾	36¾	36¾	
Int. Paper	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	
Int. Petroleum	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	
Kansas City Southern	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾	
Kennecott	34¾	34¾	34¾	34¾	
Lehigh Valley	76	76	76	76	
Louis & Nash	122¾	122¾	122¾	122¾	
Maxwell	42¾	42¾	42¾	42¾	
Maxwell 2d pf	82¾	82¾	82¾	82¾	
Mex. Petrol	97¾	97¾	97¾	97¾	
Miami	25¾	25¾	25¾	25¾	
Nat. Lead	62¾	62¾	62¾	62¾	
Nevada Cons	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	
N. Y. Air Brake	61¾	61¾	61¾	61¾	
N. Y. N. H. & H.	63¾	63¾	63¾	63¾	
N. & W. Coal	120¾	120¾	120¾	120¾	
No. Pacific	108¾	108¾	108¾	108¾	
Pacific Mail	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾	
Pennsylvania	107¾	107¾	107¾	107¾	
Pittsburgh Coal	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	
Pitts. Steel	75¾	75¾	75¾	75¾	
Ray Con	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾	
Reading	163¾	163¾	163¾	163¾	
Republic I. & S.	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾	
Rock Island	15¾	15¾	15¾	15¾	
Sears-Roebuck	115¾	115¾	115¾	115¾	
Southern Pacific	94¾	94¾	94¾	94¾	
Southern Ry	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾	
Studebaker	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾	
Tenn. Copper	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	
Texas Co	150¾	150¾	150¾	150¾	
Third Ave	39¾	39¾	39¾	39¾	
Union Pacific	133¾	133¾	133¾	133¾	
U. S. Rubber	57¾	57¾	57¾	57¾	
U. S. Smelting	53¾	53¾	53¾	53¾	
U. S. Steel	91¾	91¾	91¾	91¾	
U. S. Steel pf	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾	
Utah Copper	72¾	72¾	72¾	72¾	
Utah Con	9¾	9¾	9¾	9¾	
Va. Car. Chem	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾	
Wabash pf A	41¾	41¾	41¾	41¾	
Westinghouse	37¾	37¾	37¾	37¾	
Willys-Over	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	

FORD TALKS WITH CHEAP FUEL INVENTOR

New York, April 22.—Henry Ford visited Farmington, Conn., today in connection with Mr. Ford's announcement that he would spend $10,000,000 or more in the construction of a motor car factory in that city. Mr. Ford's visit was made in company with Mr. Dorner, manager of the Detroit branch of the Ford Motor Co., and Mr. Delavigne, said.

The Hartford trip was worth the time up, that is about all that can be said, for Ford is not the man who moves, going forward at slack time. He wanted to talk with Delavigne, and he did, and that was all by way of a demonstration.

"You see, Ford is somewhat a chemist himself and he no doubt could ask Mr. Barfield a question or two about the fuel which have been unsatisfactory, or they may have been satisfactory, but Ford is not the man to be satisfied. Ford is on the lookout for economy itself, he has a number of men working on the question of fuel economy, and Delavigne is one of them. The demonstration will be arranged so as to test thoroughly Mr. Delavigne's invention.

Mr. Barfield declined to give out any information regarding the visit of Ford. He said he would leave it to Ford to make public whatever information he thought was proper to give out.

WHAT SOMERVILLE NEEDS AND WHY

Police Sergeant Robert F. Dunn's discussion on Bonds city of Somerville's Sunday American. Every man should read it. Every man interested in Somerville, yet is active as a worker, should be familiar with it. Sunday American.

Gave 1,133 Children Aid.

The Massachusetts Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children reports that 1,133 children in Boston were helped during the year ending the present month.

BOSTON CURB CLOSING PRICES.

	Bid	Asked
Alpha		
Am. Tobacco		
Bingham M		
Bonanza Dev		
Box & Mont 70		
Box & Ariz		
Butte Coal		
Champ Cop	15¾	16
Chief		
Chino	13⅛	13⅜
Cumberland		
Eagle & Blue	1¾	1⅞
Emerald		
Fortuna	1¾	1⅞
Gold L. Min		
Goldfield Con		
Green Monarch		
Hancock Con		
Hedley Gold		
Howe Sound		
Internat Nickel		
Jerome Verde		
Kerr Lake		
Kirkland Lake		
La Rose		
Majestic		
Mason Valley		
Mines Co of Am		
Mines Corp		
Mines Finance		
Mines Ltd		
Mines Ltd pf		
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TELEPHONE YOUR HELP WANTED ADS EARLY FOR TOMORROW'S BIG SUNDAY AMERICAN---CALL MAIN 5180

Male Help Wanted

Continued from Preceding Page.

WANTED
TRIMMERS, familiar with high-grade automobile work.
Steady positions assured.
THE FARNHAM NELSON CO.,
47 Union Av., Jamaica Plain.

WANTED AT ONCE—
First-class screw machine men, capable of taking charge of several machines. PRECISION TOOL CO., Canton, Mass.

ERRAND BOYS TO LEARN BUSINESS
Must be 16-17 years old; prompt advancement to workers. Apply to F. L. C., Jr., CARTER, CARTER & MEIGS CO., 38 Merrimac st., Boston.

SPREADER MEN
GRINDER MEN
GENERAL HELP
WANTED at once; steady work. Apply PLYMOUTH RUBBER CO., Canton, Mass.

WANTED AT ONCE—
First-class toolmakers, experienced on gauges and jigs. PRECISION TOOL CO., Canton, Mass.

Stewart Counter Moulders
WANTED—Steady work and good wages. MOUSAM COUNTER CO., Kennebunk, Me.

WANTED—A Young Man
About 18 years of age, for general office work in office of large concern; must be a plain, rapid writer, accurate at figures and come well recommended; salary $7 to start. Address, in own handwriting, giving full particulars and several telephone numbers, C 234, Boston American.

12 AUTO LESSONS, $10
MEN WANTED
TO LEARN driving and repairing at our garage; we have the only public garage offering this opportunity; look over our place and try course out. MARSHALL R. HALL, 175 Tremont st., near Tremont.

EXP. CUTTER
Also
MARKER
ON ladies' waists; steady position to right man. SOVEREIGN WAIST CO., 192 Granite st., Quincy.

Rubber Workers
EXPERIENCED rubber boot makers wanted at once; good ticket guaranteed for piece-work. Apply AUSLEY RUBBER CO., Hudson, Mass.

Bradley Motor School
MEANS the best school in Boston; come in and see it; complete, full course driving and repairing, $20. Booklet, illustrated, upon request. Evening classes. BRADLEY MOTOR SCHOOL, 41 Columbus av.

Experienced Ironer
ON LADIES' waists; take charge of pressing department; one with wide experience who can keep and handle help; good opportunity for right party. SOVEREIGN WAIST CO., 192 Granite st., Quincy.

WANTED
WOOLEN SPINNERS
Steady work and good pay. THE ADMORE WOOLEN MILLS CO., Yantic, Conn.

WEAVERS WANTED
A FEW good two-loom weavers for broadcloth. DEXTER ISLAND WOOLEN MILLS, Peacham, N. H.

Chauffeurs' School of Instruction
COMPLETE course, repairing and road lessons $25. License and positions open for graduates. Day and evening. MR. REID, former instructor U. S. M. C. A. Auto School, 91 Church st.

BRASS MOULDERS
AND CORE MAKERS
READY northside in Boston; labor trouble. Address J 268, Boston American.

BOSTON AUTO SCHOOL
LATEST CARS, actual repair work, license secured and reliable; send stamp for circular. BONNEY & GREIG, Props., 222 Columbus av.

Machinists Wanted
SEVERAL all-round machinists wanted at once. Apply in person to L. F. FALES, Walpole, Mass.

9 AUTO LESSONS, $5
FULL automobile course, $15; 6-cylinder cars; license guaranteed; open evenings; positions for successful men. GEO. M. VINCENT, 4 Appleton st., near Castle sq.

MEAT CUTTERS
WANTED—Meat cutters for Friday and Saturday. Apply C. J. HALLIGAN, 969 Dudley st., Roxbury.

PAINTERS.
KEEP AWAY from Newton, strike on in enforce demand for 50c per hour of 44-hour week. PER COM. LOCAL 545.

MACHINISTS
TOOLMAKERS, gauge makers and high grade machinists in shop that pays the highest wages in the city; Bridgeport prices right here in Boston and steady work guaranteed for good men; labor trouble. B 410, Boston American.

LITHO TRANSFERRING
YOUNG MAN to learn lithographic transferring. JOHN WORLEY CO., 42 Stanhope st.

AN OPENING in offices for a clean-cut young man, 16 years of age; he must be neat, courteous and a willing worker; prefer young man with high school education and a knowledge of typewriting; salary to start, $5 per week; there is a real opportunity here for some young fellow who wants to forge ahead. Apply by own handwriting, D 327, Boston American.

A GROWING Boston concern, who specializes in the placing of transparent window signs, have opening for an additional man who has had some experience with this work; we can offer steady employment and a future to the man who can qualify; write fully, stating age, references and salary expected. Address C 328, Boston American.

AUTO CHAUFFEURS get $18 week; earn while learning; evening lessons free; write immediately. FRANKLIN INSTITUTE, Dept. 6080, Rochester, N. Y.

SHOP WORN
Trunks, Bags and Suit Cases
½ PRICE SALE
UNION HAT CO.
139 Hanover St.
DON'T FORGET THE NUMBER!

CASTLE SQUARE HOTEL
BOSTON HOTEL CO., Lessees | EUROPEAN PLAN | WALTER W. COMEE, Manager
Tremont, Chandler and Berkeley Sts.
Three blocks from the Back Bay stations of the N. Y., N. H. & H. and B. & A. R. R. Entrance direct to and from all principal electric and steamboat landings.
Long-Distance Telephone in Each Room
150 Single Rooms with private bathroom, for one person, $1 per day.
218 Double Rooms with private bathroom, for two persons, $1.50 per day for each person.
129 Double Rooms (Chapel Chambers) with private bathroom, for two persons, $1.25 per day for each person.
25 Choice Rooms (EXTRA LARGE) with private bathroom, for two persons, $1.50 per day for each person. NOTHING HIGHER.
First-class Cuisine and Service.
Large Public Rooms, Breakfasts, 15c to 35c.
PLEASE SEND POSTAL FOR BOOKLET.
EVERY ROOM HAS A PRIVATE BATHROOM

Furnished Rooms. Miscellaneous.

HOTEL ECHO,
108 TREMONT ST.,
OPPOSITE CASTLE SQ. THEATRE.
CLEAN, airy rooms, 50c to $2 daily, $2 to $6 weekly; special rates to permanent guests; first-class house; tel. Oxf. 2520.

Back Bay.

ABERDEEN ST., 19—Square and side rooms, $2, $2.50; clean, quiet house; excellent chance for the right parties; use of bath, hot water. Tel. 1536-R. B. F.

CLARENDON ST., 234—Choice room, H. B.; residence; moderate rent during Summer.

COMMONWEALTH AV., 73—Newly furnished front room $6, and front hall room $5.

CUMBERLAND ST., 8—Large sunny room, high class apts., Hotel Blake.

CUMBERLAND ST., 12—Large sunny hall also for 2; also pleasant square room.

HUNTINGTON AV., 76—Suite 3, near Copley sq., large well furnished rooms, 2 baths.

HUNTINGTON AV., 86—Rooms with private baths, every room newly and beautifully furnished; cleanliness, appointment and cuisine of first class; moderate prices.

HUNTINGTON AV., 92—2 rooms, first, very choice for 1 or 2, also basement room, light and airy.

HUNTINGTON AV., 178—Suite 2, sunny rooms, also bedroom H. K. with 'phone.

HUNTINGTON AV., 191—Suite 2, sunny, square, sunny front rooms, business people; use B. W. tel.

HUNTINGTON AV., 120—Suite 2, single, double rooms; bath; $6, $8, $10; from $35.00 per month; breakfast if desired; tel. Back Bay 2000.

HUNTINGTON AV., 146—Sunny front and rear rooms, reasonable, business people; use of tel.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 20—Nice square room, $4; also side room; conveniences; all water; private family; reference.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 43—Large sunny front room, with brass bed; transients, close to boston.

MASS. AV., 201—2 sunny steam heated rooms, electric lights, $7.

MASS. AV., 621—Northeastern; furnished rooms from $3.50 to $5; tel. B. B. 2483-W.

NEWTON ST., 190—Suite, large sunny room, double brass bed, $5; all other rooms, reasonable; business people only.

BOTOLPH ST., 6—Any sunny and cool rooms; reasonable; business people; use of bath.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 20—Nice square room, $4; also side room; conveniences; all water; private family; reference.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 43—Large sunny front room, with brass bed; transients, close to boston.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 129—Room, en suite or single, prem. business people.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 164—Sunny front and side room, $5; also single room, $3; all conveniences; business people.

ST. BOTOLPH ST., 171—Room and second floor, bath H. suitable for 2 people; B. B. 1474-R.

WEST NEWTON ST., 219—Suite 2, nicely furnished, sunny front, desirable; conveniences; piano, phone.

WEST NEWTON ST., 270—Suite 2, sun, bay, chambr bldg., nicely furn, desirable; conveniences; piano, phone.

Beacon Hill

CHARLES ST., 88—Large L. h. k. rooms, $2.50 up; running water, separate heaters; heat.

CHARLES ST., 90—Large sunny furnished rooms, h. t. water; suitable for country Hegira; tel. 3-80-M.

HANCOCK ST., 23—Nice Suite House; front room with bath.

HANCOCK ST., 28—Near St.—Nicely furnished room, hot water, 1 small room with room if desired; phone Hay 2980-M.

TEMPLE ST., 38—3 parlor with private bath, h. c. water; tel. Haymarket 2904-W.

Brookline.

COMMONWEALTH AV., 1020—Suite 2, front room, continuous hot water, private home, 10 minutes from Copley sq.

COMM. AV., 1390—Suite 1, beautiful corner room, alcove and bed room; $30. Tel. Brk. 2072-R.

COMM. AV.—Elegant fur. room, very light, sunny; extra large closets; $5. Tel. Brighton 2011-M.

Cambridge.

BIGELOW ST., 46—2 comfortable connecting front rooms, housekeeping, 2d floor, good location.

BROOKLINE ST., 28—Look! Beautiful modern rooms, attractively furnished; $11 to $25.

COLUMBIA ST., 15—Front parlor, suitable for 2, hot and cold water.

GREEN ST., 470—Furnished rooms, suitable for one or two persons; board if desired; rent reasonable.

HARVARD ST., 259—Large corner room, furnished, second floor; all conveniences; hot water heat; also smaller rooms; gentlemen; private family. Phone Camb. 3044-W.

LEE ST., 21—Suite 2, large, newly furnished room, steam heat, tel. service.

Roxbury

ALASKA ST., 27—2 large newly furnished rooms, private family, suitable for 1 or 2 persons, gentlemen preferred.

AKRON ST., 82—Near terminal; furnished room in private family; on bathroom floor.

CIRCUIT ST., 48—Near Butler L.; 2 furn. h. k. rooms; range, gas, baths, $8 per month for couple.

COPELAND ST., 50—Large square room, for two, gas. Tel. 2596-W.

DUDLEY ST., 297—Large square room, $2.50; also room $1.50, housekeeping from $3.50.

DUDLEY ST., 316—Suite 1, front and back parlors, suitable for housekeeping, $2, $3 wks.

ELMFIELD AV., 4—Suite 2, corner Walnut — bright, sunny room, private family, $2.50.

ERWOOD AV., 6—2 connecting rms. to let, rent reasonable, kitchen privs., bath on same floor.

MAGNOLIA ST., 21—Front bedroom, bath, floor, all conv., private family; tel. 2050-W Rox.

MILLMONT ST., 16—2 large furnished rooms, suitable for housekeeping, $2, $3 wks.

MORELAND ST., 28—Large sunny room, refined home; tel. Rox. 2414.

QUICKLEY ST., 5—Furnished room, front, gas, for light housekeeping $3.25; side room, $2.50.

SCHOOL ST., 108—Large square rooms, bath floor, gas; $3 and $2.50 wk.

SHERMAN ST., 12—Suite 2; window will let through L. room; kitchen; laundry, wardrobe, curtains, to employed lady; $2 to $3 weekly.

TOLMAN, 5—Large sunny room with 4 windows, hot and cold water; tel.

WARREN ST., 250—Nestle cove rooms, all conveniences; housekeeping preferred.

WARREN ST., 255—To let, 2 large rooms for 2 people; hot and cold water.

WARREN ST., 258—Suite 1, front room, sunny, hot water, private family. Tel. Rox. 1558-M.

WASHINGTON ST., 2,378—2 for, h. k. rooms, $2.75, large h. k. room, range, lights, sink $2.50.

WOODBINE ST., 73—Sunny rooms, private home, lovely surroundings, $1.50, $2.

WOODVILLE ST., 16—Large front room, new fur., light and sunny; reasonable to respectable young man. J. E. COLE.

WOODVILLE ST., 42—Con. unfur. rooms for l. h. k., adults, heat, gas, tel.

Furnished Rooms. Chelsea.

CLARK AV., 27—Rooms to light house-keeping; use of bath; rent reasonable.

Dorchester.

Somerville.

South Boston.

South End.

Furnished Rooms. South End.

WELLINGTON ST., 1—Back parlor, well furnished, for light housekeeping; $3 wk.

WELLINGTON ST., 26—Suite 4 floors; 2 connecting rooms; single rooms; $1 to $2 weekly.

WEST BROADWAY, 71—Suite, C. T. and sunny, return bath; conveniences; $5.50.

WEST CANTON ST., 2—Sunny front room, $2.50; also single room, $1.50.

WEST NEWTON ST., 4—3 sunny adjoining rooms, $3.50; also square room.

WEST NEWTON ST., 67—Suite 3, sunny, well furnished housekeeping rooms; $3.50.

WEST NEWTON ST., 101—Suite from parlor with bedroom, kitchen and bath; $3.50 per week.

WEST NEWTON ST., 10—Large back room, large closets, 2 mantels, sunny; $3.50.

WEST NEWTON ST., 47—Rear suite, nicely furnished housekeeping; $3.50 per week.

WEST SPRINGFIELD ST., 218—Back bay suite, with kitchenette; private; $3.50 per week.

WEST SPRINGFIELD ST., 22—Front room, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 20—Suite, sunny front, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 38—Square, side room, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 91—Front suite, $3.50 per week; light housekeeping.

WORCESTER ST., 95—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 97—Front suite, $3.50 per week; light housekeeping.

WORCESTER ST., 120—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 124—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 126—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 131—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 135—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 137—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 139—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST., 141—Suite, sunny, light housekeeping, $3.50 per week.

WORCESTER ST.,

"With malice toards none, with charity for all, with firmness in the right, as God gives us to see the right."—ABRAHAM LINCOLN.

TRUTH, JUSTICE

BOSTON AMERICAN EDITORIAL PAGE

PUBLIC SERVICE

Saturday, April 22, 1916

In Order to Maintain Permanent Peace We Must Maintain Permanent Policies

WE take it for granted that every thinking man in America and in Germany is distressed by the very thought of America and Germany going to war with each other, if war can be honorably avoided.

When the thinking people of two nations are agreed in the desire to keep the peace there is always a way to keep that peace.

We are certain that war between the United States and Germany can be avoided by sensible conduct on both sides.

What this sensible conduct on both sides should be seems clearly evident.

In order to avoid war between Germany and the United States these four measures are necessary:

1. The government of the United States must formulate a **DEFINITE** and **PERMANENT** statement of its position; of the rights it claims for its citizens; of the exact protection which it demands for American rights and American lives.

2. The American government must insist upon a definite agreement between Germany and the United States upon the rights of American citizens which Germany must respect, and inflexibly insist that Germany strictly adhere to the letter and spirit of that agreement.

3. The President and the Congress of the United States must **CO-OPERATE** in determining what the definite and permanent position of the United States shall be in the protection of the rights and lives of American citizens, so that the United States shall present an unbroken front to any foreign aggression upon that clearly-defined position.

4. It must be clearly and positively agreed upon that the position so determined upon by the President and Congress of the United States as being right and just will be maintained by the people of the United States with the same impartial inflexibility against **ALL** other nations.

We ask you, before going further, to read again this statement of right national conduct and to inquire of your own understanding and your own conscience if we have not rightfully set forth the proper attitude which a great and powerful and honorable and just people should assume toward Germany and toward all the world.

The first proposition is essentially right and fair. When we demand that another nation shall respect our position, that nation is fairly entitled to know what our position is and what it will continue to be.

It is very unfortunate that our government has taken so many differing positions during the controversies with Germany and with other powers that it has been difficult for Germany or any other power to know exactly what our position is at any given time, or to know whether it will be the same tomorrow that it is today.

A striking example of this uncertainty of our own government's position is seen in its varying attitudes, during the past ninety days, toward the use of submarines.

On January 18, in a note addressed to all the warring powers, President Wilson said, through his Secretary of State:

> While I am fully alive to the appalling loss of life among non-combatants, I do not feel that a belligerent should be deprived of the proper use of submarines IN THE INVASION OF COMMERCE, since those instruments of war have proved their effectiveness in this practical branch of warfare on the high seas.

We capitalize five words in this quotation because they embody the kernel of the discussion over the use of submarines—that is, the destruction of enemy merchant ships—and also in order to emphasize the contrast between the position taken in January by the President and the position taken in his note and ultimatum of Tuesday last, as shown by this quotation from that document:

> It has become painfully evident to it (the United States government) that the position which it took at the very outset is inevitable—namely, THE USE OF SUBMARINES FOR THE DESTRUCTION OF AN ENEMY'S COMMERCE is, of necessity, because of the very character of the vessels employed and the very methods of attack which their employment, of course, involves, UTTERLY INCOMPATIBLE WITH THE PRINCIPLES OF HUMANITY, THE LONG-ESTABLISHED AND INCONTROVERTIBLE RIGHTS OF NEUTRALS and the sacred immunities of non-combatants.

If these words mean anything at all, they mean that on the 18th of January, 1916, the government of the United States conceded the right of Germany to destroy enemy merchantmen by submarine attack, and on the 19th of April, 1916, decided that the destruction by Germany of enemy merchant ships by submarine attack was a violation of the law of nations, of the laws of humanity and of the long-established rights of neutrals and non-combatants.

In the same note, addressed to all the belligerents on January 18, 1916, President Wilson said:

> It would, therefore, appear to be a reasonable and reciprocal arrangement if it could be agreed by the opposing belligerents that submarines should be caused TO ADHERE STRICTLY TO THE RULES OF INTERNATIONAL LAW in the matter of stopping and searching merchant vessels, and that merchant vessels of belligerent nationality should be PROHIBITED FROM CARRYING ANY ARMAMENT WHATSOEVER.

But in the ultimatum delivered to Germany on Tuesday last the President says:

> The law of nations has long recognized the right of merchantmen to carry arms for protection and to use them to repel attack, using them, however, in such circumstances, at their own risk, but the imperial German government claimed the right to set these understandings aside in circumstances which it deemed extraordinary.

That is to say, the attitude of the American government on January 18, 1916, three months ago, was that merchant ships had no moral right to carry armament, and on April 19, 1916, was that merchant ships had both the legal and moral right to carry armament.

At different times the President has affirmed that merchant ships mounting guns were properly armed ships, and that merchant ships mounting guns were not armed ships; that armed ships could be lawfully sunk without warning, and that it is unlawful to sink armed ships without warning.

Now, in all fairness, it must be admitted that if Germany had only the best intentions in the world it would be difficult for her to know just what to do or not to do under such bewildering circumstances.

As a matter of fact, it has been practically impossible for the American people, who have every desire to back up their own President in every rightful stand, to know what they ought to do or what stand they were expected to back up.

The second proposition, that Germany must come to a definite agreement with the United States and then adhere to that agreement honorably and strictly, admits of no dispute among Americans.

The rights and the lives of our citizens are sacred. It is our duty to protect those rights and those lives everywhere, on the land or on the sea, and that duty the American people are very earnestly resolved to perform, cost what it may.

If remonstrance and negotiation will not stop aggressions upon the rights and safety of American citizens, then all of us are ready to stop those aggressions by force. We are a peaceful people, and we earnestly desire to remain at peace. But if life and property and honor can only be protected with the sword, why, then, we will draw the sword and fling away the scabbard and fight in our good cause as our fathers before us fought.

Now, as to the third proposition, that Congress co-operate with the President in formulating our permanent attitude. We think this to be very important—to be fundamentally important.

We are the free citizens of a free republic, in which the government is rightfully and lawfully not our master, but our hired servant. This is no kingdom. This is no empire. We have no master ruling us by claim of divine right or divine inspiration. Neither will we tolerate a dictator.

Particularly is the Democratic party, by all its traditions and declarations, bound to oppose the conduct of government by the will of one man.

For these reasons it follows that in order to secure unity and solidarity of public action the President should consult with Congress **BEFORE** deciding upon a course of conduct involving peace or war, and determine, not by himself, but in conjunction with the people's representatives, upon a definite declaration of policies which will express the will and the determination of the whole people, and which will have the hearty support of the whole people.

It is **THE PEOPLE** who will have to pay the price of war, **THE PEOPLE** who will have to make the sacrifices of the war, **THE PEOPLE** who will have **TO FIGHT THE WAR.** And we should never go to war, as these unhappy European peoples went to war, at the command of single individuals or of two or three Cabinet Ministers, but only after the fullest deliberation of **ALL** the representatives of the people, speaking the will of the united nation.

And now as to the fourth proposition. If we are to maintain our ancient and deserved reputation as a just, impartial and honorable people we must treat all other peoples and governments with exactly the same equal and impartial justice.

Germany must not be permitted to sink and destroy our neutral merchant ships, but we cannot, in self-respect, forbid the further destruction of our commerce by Germany without forbidding the further destruction of our commerce by England.

The nation which makes a stand against one aggressor and makes no stand at all against another aggressor is not only not neutral, but it is grossly unfair and shamefully regardless of its obligations to its people.

To employ the homely and familiar phrase, we must, in decency and in self-respect, use the same sauce for the German goose, the English gander and the Mexican gosling.

In a serious and fateful time we shall not go afield to find harsh criticisms of our government. Yet we think it evident to all of you, citizens, that there has been a lamentable lack of decision and coherence in our government's policies and declarations.

This indecision, this wabbling, this uncertainty and this unfixedness are responsible for the serious and dangerous situations which confront us now—for the tense relations with Germany, for the pathetic situation in Mexico, for the disgraceful and humiliating subjection of our citizens' rights and trade to the illegal and insolent orders and aggressions of England.

The only way in which we can extricate ourselves from these humiliating and dangerous situations is to agree upon and to put in force a fixed, determined, permanent, cohesive and just and righteous policy of impartial protection of all American rights everywhere and anywhere, on land or on sea, against any power and every power which trespasses upon those rights.

A FORTRESS HE WILL DEFEND AGAINST ALL AGGRESSORS!

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EASTER MORN and MYRA MAYNARD

The Wine of Spring Is in the Air. Our Ultimatum is in Berlin. Villa Is—? The Russians Are in France. And—MYSTERIOUS MYRA MAYNARD Is in Tomorrow's Sunday AMERICAN.

The European War is a physical combat and is all that Sherman said of war, and more.

But consider a psychic war, a combat fought, not with bayonet and shrapnel, but with the tremendous and unseen forces that throb beneath the current of life.

Consider such a combat centering on a lovely girl. A psychic warfare around the heart of a maid. Kipling has written:

> "The wild hawk to the wind-swept sky,
> The deer to the wholesome wold,
> And the heart of a man to the heart of a maid,
> As it was in the days of old."

Myra Maynard is just the girl to inspire such a stanza, sweet, alluring, adorable.

But she is enmeshed in a plot of cunning and subtle evil. Occult forces battle over her. She is surrounded by baffling phenomena. Her life touches on the spirit world. She is, in her girlish self, something to love and to live for. And, in her occult and psychic personality, she is SOMETHING ABSOLUTELY NEW IN MOTION PICTURE PRODUCTION.

She is the heroine of "THE MYSTERIES OF MYRA," novel and motion picture serial, dramatized by Charles W. Goddard, author of "The Perils of Pauline," "The Exploits of Elaine," "The Goddess" and other stage and motion picture dramas of great popularity.

Myra Maynard makes her debut in tomorrow's Sunday AMERICAN. The first instalment of this puzzling psychic serial occupies, with pictures, more than two pages of the big Easter issue.

This first instalment ranges far and wide, from girlish thoughts to the baneful plotting of occult worshipers at the shrine of evil. The story is studded with thrills and throbs. It makes the heart leap and the blood flow fast. It is a fair, sweet tale of love and a vivid recital of crime and a daring analysis of the occult—all in one master narrative.

It happens, too, in this Easter issue, that one of the full-page special articles in the magazine section is by Leopold D. Wharton of the celebrated Wharton motion picture studio, where "The Mysteries of Myra" is being produced for the International Film Service. Mr. Wharton writes on the topic: "Where Only Youth and Beauty Can Triumph." It is a story of "movie" requirements and it features Miss Jean Southern, the charming motion picture actress, who takes the role of Myra Maynard in the filming of "The Mysteries of Myra."

So the readers of the Easter AMERICAN can read the story and see what the real flesh-and-blood heroine is like in the same paper.

Did Octavius Ginouris, the Rhode Island convict, help bury the real DOROTHY ARNOLD? The remarkable story told by the prisoner has been investigated by the AMERICAN in New York. Some chapters, hitherto unwritten in this dreadful mystery, are now revealed.

Babies—and more babies.

Children—and more children.

The Easter AMERICAN will be resplendent with juvenile pictures. Babies in the baby contest. Children in a great Cambridge school celebration. Bless 'em all. It's worth the whole nickel the paper costs just to look at their pictures.

Do YOU really GET the war? Do you SENSE it. Do you know what it means to be torn and ripped and slashed and gashed, in the living, shrinking flesh?

Just at this time of ultimatums to Berlin and punitive expeditions to Lord knows where a Boston girl returns from nursing at the European war front. She has seen the REAL THING in "scrapped humanity." She has nursed the writhing, shrieking, suffering soldier and dressed his wounds and watched him heal or die, as the case might be.

She has seen the "Gassed" ones, those who inhaled the fearful asphyxiating gases that make this European strife strictly modern. She tells in the Easter Sunday AMERICAN what she saw and did in the war hospitals. She tells a straightforward tale, simple and unadorned. No picturesque imaginings. The plain truth is enough and to spare.

Speaking of soldier dead—does the one killed in battle surely go to Heaven. There is a full-page and absorbing discussion of this by the Rev. Clifton H. Levy, Ph. D.

Even with war and rumors of war one must dress. If one must dress, why one must be fashionable.

"Well," says the Missis, "I wondered if he ever was going to get around to it. I hope they will have a lot of fashion news."

Surely, plenty of it, and the best. Lady Duff-Gordon (Lucile) will show readers the new Turk dresses, made in the fascinating Oriental mode. Easter styles will be discussed at this Easter time, with helpful pictures.

Ever been in Mrs. John L. Gardner's palace in the Fenway? No? The Easter AMERICAN will show you in pictures just what the interior of this famous structure is like.

"AND THEN SOME," as they say. Meaning many more features. There is the pitiable plight of the Boston girl with a fortune and a broken heart, the tale of the sore throat six feet long, the singular story of a college girl who stole though she had neither need nor want.

What is England going to do with her surplus women after the war? His Grace the D-k-of M-n-h-s-e-has a few views on this lively prospect.

And all the news of the wide, wide world.